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MARGINAL COLUMN

By NISSIM REJWAN

IT is not true that the term "Positive Neutralism" is devoid of meaning. Several praiseworthy attempts have been made to formulate a definition — almost all of them emanating from Syria. Salah Bitar, Syrian Foreign Minister, has described its aim as "the prevention of any external policy from dominating Arab national policy which realizes the interests of the Arabs." A London "Times" Special Correspondent has gathered after a stay in Damascus that the principle "postulates abstention from all alliances except Arab ones." A rather more original definition has been supplied by a Syrian statesman to a correspondent of a Viennese paper: Positive Neutralism, he said, means "cooperation with all powers that are willing to help us against Israel." Whatever its meaning, however, the term has, semantically speaking, received the death blow merely through featuring rather prominently in the joint communique issued at the conclusion of the Saud-Hussein talks in Amman last Thursday night.

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BY "reiterating their policy of Positive Neutralism" Saud and Hussein have managed to rob this doctrine of its already doubtful content. It is curious, though understandable, that the press and radio of both Syria and Egypt — the main exponents of the policy — have not only refrained from playing up this part of the communique but ignored the declaration altogether. Well they might; for Saud and Hussein, by an admirable feat of mental gymnastics, have decided to appropriate the term and have thus held it up to the ridicule of the whole world. If you can claim to be an advocate of Positive Neutralism *and* accept arms supplies and other aid from the Soviet camp, then there is no good reason why you cannot be a follower of Positive Neutralism and receive arms and other kinds of aid from the *Western* camp. Their bluff called, Bitar and Colonel Nasser will now have to find another name for their foreign policy.

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SO much for mere words. Saud and Hussein, however, have talked about more important affairs than strengthening military cooperation between "the four countries," French imperialism in Algeria, the Arab League's Pact — or even the Gulf of Akaba and Palestine. Of the 11 points of the communique only two seem to bear some relation to the discussions: trade and financial relations between the two countries and the reactivation of the 1,400-km. railway to Medina. The economic agreements envisaged in the communique will provide, among other things, for the sale of Jordan agricultural products in Saudia, the investment of Saudi capital in Jordan, and priority to Jordan nationals for work and residence in Saudia.

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IT is usual in this kind of parley, however, that the most important topics discussed are not mentioned in official communiques. There is no doubt, for instance, that the situation in Syria loomed large over the talks — Syria, and the closely connected subject of Jordan-Egyptian relations, not after but *before* the "incident" of the Egyptian Military Attache in Amman. In fact, the expulsion of the two Egyptian envoys from Jordan at the time of Saud's visit was no sheer coincidence, even though their record of subversion and incitement was already rich. Saud's hostility to his former friend Colonel Nasser now seems to know no bounds, and Hussein's move cannot but have given him satisfaction. It is not clear what precisely is behind the campaign to discredit Nasser even further at this juncture, but the chances are that it is not Egypt which is the real target. Syria now presents the more immediate danger to Saud and his new allies, both for her geographical position and for the oil pipelines passing through her territory. By thoroughly exposing Nasser's real designs, it would be possible either to alienate the less fanatical ruling circles in Syria from him and his allies inside the country and/or strengthen the opposition elements there.

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ANOTHER move which seems calculated to weaken the present regime in Damascus was the invitation by Saud to three top opposition leaders in the Lebanon to see him in Amman. Jordan press reports speak of "valuable advice" which he gave them and which "may result in clearing the atmosphere between the Government and the opposition." No such counsels of moderation were offered to either of the opposing sides in Syria, where they are seemingly much more needed. The studied avoidance, moreover, of any reference to or contact with Syria during Saud's whole visit is an indication of the seriousness with which the Syrian situation is viewed by Saud and his friends.

Jerusalem, June 15.

Three Tunisians Killed in Clash With French

TUNIS, Saturday (Reuter). — Three Tunisians died in one of three clashes with French troops in southern Tunisia yesterday, a Tunisian Government communique said last night.

Several Tunisians were injured in the second clash, while there was no news as yet from the third, the communique added.

According to the communique, two French columns — one from Gabes consisting of 20 lorries escorted by seven armoured vehicles and two aircraft, and the second consisting of seven armoured vehicles from the French barracks at Medenine, 90 kilometres south of Gabes — met at the Tunisian post of Souatia, where they cut telephone wires and blocked the road to all vehicles.

The French troops clashed with the 12 Tunisian National Guards manning the post, killing two of them and a civilian postman.

Few details were given of the other incidents, which occurred at Oued Sassi.

In Paris, a French Foreign Ministry spokesman yesterday welcomed last Thursday's statement by the Tunisian Prime Minister, M. Habib Bourguiba, calling for an early opening of negotiations on the question of French troop concentrations in Tunisia.

(Under the 1955 Franco-Tunisian agreement French troops are stationed in the Bizerta area and along the Algeria-Tunisia frontier.)

The spokesman regretted, however, that the statement was accompanied by a remark that there was a risk of war if clashes between French and Tunisian troops continued.

Meanwhile, Tunisia today announced that she is to receive emergency U.S. aid in the form of $8m. worth of surplus oil to help cope with her serious economic difficulties. Under the agreement, Tunisia will sell the oil and use the profit to aid her economy.

Arabs Protest To U.N. on Algeria

NEW YORK, Saturday (Reuter). — The Arab League has protested to the Security Council about alleged French "aggressive" activities in Algeria, U.N. sources said last night.

The text of the League's letter was not immediately available, but the sources said it had been addressed to this month's President of the Security Council, Dr. Ronald Walker of Australia.

The 27-member Asian-African group at the U.N. discussed the Algerian situation at a two-hour private session yesterday, and the delegates are due to consider it further next week. They are understood to be seeking means by which an "impartial" international group could investigate conditions in Algeria.

DIPLOMATS IN ALGERIA

PARIS, Saturday (Reuter). — A group of foreign diplomats flew to Algiers yesterday at the invitation of the Minister for Algeria, M. Robert Lacoste. They include Counsellors and First Secretaries of the Embassies of Poland, Sweden and Germany.

Police Seek Killer Of Argentine Zionist

BUENOS AIRES, Saturday (INA). — Police here are hunting a well-dressed killer and his two companions in connection with the slaying of Dr. Marcos Satanovsky, prominent scholar, lawyer and Zionist, who was shot dead in his study last Thursday.

According to police reports, Dr. Satanovsky, 64, was visited by the murderer and his two companions on the pretext of obtaining the victim's autograph in one of his books. Members of Dr. Satanovsky's staff suddenly heard a cry of terror and the sound of two shots over the office intercom system. Three men then rushed out of the study waving pistols and escaped.

Police here suggest that Dr. Satanovsky might have been the victim of a vengeance or political murder but admit they are uncertain of the murder motive. At his funeral last Friday, Dr. Satanovsky, the son of Russian colonists, was eulogised for his services to the law faculty of Buenos Aires University and to Israel.

Steps Taken to End Stamp Speculating

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — The slump in stamp prices on the free market has brought in its wake efforts to eradicate speculators who had "infiltrated from Lilienblum Street."

In the future, only authorized dealers will be allowed to participate in the Stamp Exchange here, after having paid a IL500 membership fee. Another step envisaged is the setting-up of a limited company to eliminate steep drops and rises in market prices at the source by taking up all the stamps ordinarily dumped on the market by speculators.

USSR Seen Handing Egypt 3 Submarines

By GEORGE LICHTHEIM, Jerusalem Post Correspondent

LONDON, Saturday. — Considerable prominence is being given here to the reported transfer of three Soviet submarines to Egypt. The hand-over is believed due to take place on Monday when the vessels, which left the Baltic last May escorted by a Russian minesweeper, are expected to reach the Egyptian coast.

Two of the submarines are large ocean-going types and there is some uncertainty about their eventual destination. The third is a small coastal type and is certainly destined for Egyptian use. Should all three join the Egyptian Navy, as seems possible, this would be regarded as a matter of some seriousness at N.A.T.O. Headquarters where only three weeks ago an official statement was made about increased Soviet submarine activity.

Naval observers here assumed at first that the three vessels were being transferred from the Soviet Baltic Fleet to the Black Sea. The belief that they are destined for Egypt seems based on their latest reported course and speed.

Sail South of Crete

Vessels bound from Gibraltar through the Malta channel to the Dardanelles and Black Sea would normally proceed north of Crete, but an Admiralty statement here last night suggested that the three submarines were passing between Crete and the African mainland.

The British Naval Headquarters in Cyprus said that the three Russian submarines were last seen on the surface in the Malta area. The date of the sighting was not disclosed but was believed to have been this morning, Reuter reported.

It is thought the two largest craft belong to the 2,000-ton class with a range of 20,000 miles, and the question arises why Egypt should need this type. Such vessels would not have to refuel during the present 5,000 mile voyage from the Baltic to Egypt.

The third vessel, which, it is believed, may be of the 205-ton class with a range of 3,400 miles, could have been refuelled from one of the two larger craft.

May Be Escorts

This leaves open the possibility that the two larger vessels were intended to escort the third to Egypt, but the Admiralty here believes that all three will be transferred.

The "Manchester Guardian," commenting on these reports, suggests that such craft cannot be of much use to Abdul Nasser "unless Egyptian crews have already been trained in Russia. The business of running someone else's submarines is at the best of times confusing even for experts," the newspaper added.

Some quarters are inclined to deduce that the corresponding step of training Egyptian crews in Russia has already been taken.

Nasser Said Slated To Visit Syria

Abdul Nasser will visit Syria to discuss the present situation prevailing in the Arab world, Beirut Radio reported yesterday, quoting reliable circles in Damascus.

No date has been fixed for the visit, the radio added.

King Saud and his entourage left Amman early on Friday morning although an official Jordan spokesman had announced the previous day that Saud would stay for an additional two or three days.

In an exchange of cables between the two Kings, Hussein expressed his gratitude at Saud's support during the struggle against the "forces of destruction and evil who want to exchange imperialism for imperialism." In a reference to the Communists and the agents of Egypt and Syria, whom he did not mention by name, Hussein said these forces "want to deprive us of our Islamic and Arab heritage."

No Comment in Cairo

No comment was available either in Cairo or Damascus about the Saud-Hussein joint communique issued last Thursday night.

The B.B.C. correspondent in Amman, however, reports that there is some perplexity about the discrepancy between Saud's recent moves and what the communique asserted concerning the policy of "positive neutralism" and abstention from joining any foreign pacts. The correspondent adds that it is believed Saud and Hussein were trying to improve their relations with Egypt.

Meanwhile, the Jordan press reported on Friday that King Hussein had on Thursday refused to grant an audience to the three Lebanese opposition leaders who had arrived in Amman earlier that day to see Saud at his own request.

The U.S. transferred to Jordan $5m. as an advance payment of the $10m. America has pledged in aid, the Press Office announced in Amman last night.

(Ramallah R., B.B.C.)

Nehru Leaves Damascus After Discusssion

"Zionist danger to the Arabs' existence," the Baghdad Pact Council's conference in Karachi, developments in certain Arab countries—these were among the topics discussed at a meeting at the Presidential Palace in Damascus on Friday night between heads of the Syrian Government and the Indian Premier, Mr. Nehru, and his Ambassador in Damascus, according to Damascus Radio.

Foreign Minister Bitar of Syria claimed that "full agreement was reached on these subjects and on the Arab policy of positive neutralism and avoidance of commitment either to the East or to the West."

Later, he denied press reports that Mr. Nehru had offered to use India's good offices to restore diplomatic relations between Syria and Britain and France.

Mr. Nehru left Damascus yesterday morning and reached Copenhagen in the afternoon, where he is to stay for three days on an official visit. He is on his way to the Commonwealth Prime Ministers conference in London due to open on June 26.

St. Laurent Cabinet May Quit Tomorrow

OTTAWA, Saturday. — The total return in the Canadian elections gave the Progressive Conservative Party 111 seats in the new Parliament.

Final standing in last Monday's elections for other parties: Liberals 103, Co-operative Commonwealth Federation 25, Social Credit 19, Independents 2, Independent Liberals 2, Independent Progressive Conservatives 1, Liberal Labour 1, deferred 1.

Outgoing Premier Louis St. Laurent said yesterday that his Cabinet would remain in office until Monday or Tuesday. It was learned on high authority that the Cabinet would then resign.

Ata Rejects Namir Proposals

The proposals of the Minister of Labour to end the strike have been accepted by the Secretariat of the Haifa Labour Council but rejected by the management of the Ata Works, it was announced late last night.

The Minister of Labour, Mr. M. Namir, proposed a 5 per cent wage increase for 1957, and the continuation of the good-will bonus at the former rate. He further suggested a one-time payment of IL150,000 to the workers in settlement of all outstanding claims for 1956.

The Minister also proposed that the question of efficiency dismissals and the various other problems should be passed on to an arbitrator, who should come to a decision not later than a fortnight after the end of the strike.

At a meeting last night which lasted for several hours and which ended just before midnight, the Secretariat of the Haifa Labour Council decided by a majority vote to accept the Minister's proposals. The Mapam member voted against acceptance, and the Ahdut Ha'avoda representatives made their acceptance conditional upon the agreement to the proposal by the Ata workers' committee.

In an interview with *The Jerusalem Post*, Mr. Hans Moller, Managing Director of Ata, said that there was no purpose in calling the Ata management to discuss the Minister's proposals. He said that the management's stand had been made clear throughout, and it was not prepared to withdraw. It rejected the workers' claims and, on the other hand, insisted on carrying out efficiency dismissals that were necessary in the plant.

The Minister's proposals were discussed at a two-and-a-half hour meeting yesterday in the Kirya, Tel Aviv, with Mr. Moller and Mr. Y. Almogi of the Haifa Labour Council. His proposals were later set out in a letter to the two sides.

With regard to the question of efficiency dismissals, the Minister considered the points of view of the workers and of the management, and concluded that he favoured the view put forward by the Histadrut Executive, namely, that the dismissals should be in accordance with the agreement recently reached between the Histadrut Executive and the Manufacturers Association.

However, the Minister said he was disposed to have the whole question finally decided by arbitration.

SYRIAN MINE WOUNDS FARMER

TIBERIAS, Saturday. — Yitzhak Bernstein, 22, of Kibbutz Gadot, Upper Galilee, was injured in the leg when the tractor he was driving struck a mine on the kibbutz fields near the Syrian border at noon yesterday.

The tractor was badly damaged.

The mine was of British manufacture of a type in use in the Syrian Army.

About a month ago the settlers dug fire lanes in the same field, using a number of vehicles in the operation. It is therefore believed that the mines were laid by the Syrians since then.

They were laid 1 km. from the border and 800 metres from the Bailey bridge which was the subject of the Syrian complaint to the U.N. Security Council last month.

U.N. observers and Israel members of the Israel-Syrian Mixed Armistice Commission carried out an investigation today. Israel has lodged a complaint with the MAC.

Danish Soldier Kills Arab in Gaza Strip

CAIRO, Saturday (Reuter).— A Danish sentry near the Gaza demarcation line yesterday shot and killed an "Arab infiltrator" attempting to cross from Israel into Egypt, a statement from the UNEF Headquarters reported.

The statement said: "The Arab was seen crossing a Danish patrol which fired warning shots. The man did not stop and when the patrol fired a Verey signal flare fireman appeared to be in the act of throwing a grenade. Then the sentry fired and killed the Arab, who was dressed in khaki."

The statement added that the circumstances of the incident were being investigated by U.N. Observers.

Lebanon Denies U.S. Base Being Set Up

The Lebanese Government has denied rumours that it is negotiating with the U.S. on the establishment of American military bases in the Lebanon, Beirut Radio reported on Friday.

The radio said the Lebanese Foreign Ministry had issued an energetic denial to contradict rumours spread by some journalists abroad.

Polling will take place today in the Mount Lebanon district.

In today's voting 49 candidates will contest 19 out of the 66 parliamentary seats.

Last Sunday's elections decided 22 seats: 15 for Government supporters, four opposition, and three independents.

Voting in the elections for the remaining 25 seats will take place in the Bika'a and North Lebanon districts on June 23 and 30, respectively.

Lebanese Unemployed Comes to Look for Work

SAFAD, Saturday. — A 17-year-old infiltrator from the Lebanon, come to Israel "to find a good job," was caught when he tried to hitch hike near the border yesterday morning.

The youth, a native of Hula Village across the border, said that working conditions in the Lebanon were very bad. There was much unemployment and wages were low.

When he heard on the radio that there was prosperity in Israel and that the Israel Arabs were doing very well, he decided to try his luck here.

He crossed the border near Malkiya and then tried to hitch a lift on a lorry taking workers to their job. The men took him to the Nebi Yusha police station, and he is now being held at Rosh Pina for questioning.

41 Held in Formosa For Anti-U.S. Riots

TAIPEI, Saturday (UP). — The Government announced yesterday that it had indicted 41 persons, including five former Communists, for inciting last month's anti-American riots in Formosa.

The riots on May 24, in which at least eight persons were killed, followed the acquittal by a U.S. court martial of an American sergeant charged with the killing of a Chinese who the soldier alleged, had been peeping into his wife's bathroom.

PEKING CHARGES U.S. AIR INTRUSION

HONG KONG, Saturday (Reuter). — The Chinese Defence Ministry said last night that U.S. naval aircraft intruded 25 to 30 miles over Chinese territory last Wednesday.

The U.S. Navy has denied intruding over the Chinese mainland. It reported that on Wednesday one of its carrier planes was hit and slightly damaged by Communist anti-aircraft fire about eight miles off the Chinese coast.

AFTER MIDNIGHT

French troops killed 295 insurgents in a fierce battle near the Tunisian frontier yesterday, French officials said in Algiers last night.

Senate Rejects Major Cuts In U.S. Foreign Aid

WASHINGTON, Saturday. — The Senate last night passed the Administration's $3,637m. Foreign Aid Bill by 37 votes to 25. Every major attempt to cut the programme or to hold it to one year was voted down.

The bill, which still requires the approval of the House, calls for U.S. military assistance and defence support to continue for at least two more years and for U.S. loans for economic development abroad for a minimum of three more years. The vote was a big triumph for President Eisenhower, who warned in a nation-wide radio-television speech on May 21 — the day he submitted the programme to Congress — that any big reduction would "vastly increase the risk of war."

The bill only "authorizes" the programme. Congressional budget-cutters will make a determined effort to trim it when appropriations are considered later by the House and the Senate.

Speaking in the Senate foreign aid debate last Thursday, Senator Herman Talmadge (Democrat, Georgia) said American aid had been used for everything from building "bathing facilities for Egyptian Canal divers" to providing "collapsible toothpaste tubes for Cambodia."

He termed it a gigantic subsidy for "all manner of global projects of doubtful value throughout the earth," adding: "While many of our farmers cannot get their crops to market over muddy roads, we build a six-lane turnpike in Portugal to a gambling resort." Later, Foreign Relations Committee Chairman Francis Green issued a denial that any U.S. aid funds have been used for highway construction in Portugal.

(Reuter, UP)

Eban Sees Dulles On Akaba Gulf Issue

WASHINGTON, Saturday. — Ambassador Abba Eban discussed recent Saudi Arabian agitation on the Gulf of Akaba issue when he met Secretary of State Dulles yesterday, according to Israel diplomatic sources here.

Mr. Eban raised the question of Saudi policy in the Gulf and the Saudi allegations against Israel in connection with the waterway. The implications of recent Saudi propaganda were discussed.

Mr. Dulles and Mr. Eban also made a general review of current matters, including economic topics.

In Amman, meanwhile, Jordan's former Ambassador to Cairo, Abdul Mun'im Rifa'i, today reiterated Arab Claims that the Akaba Gulf waters are unsafe for Moslem pilgrims.

He said it was regrettable that the Arab governments were compelled to avoid the Gulf for the transport of pilgrims owing to the "abnormal situation" prevailing. He also criticized the U.N.E.F. posted on the eastern coast of the Sinai peninsula, and said their presence there was contrary to U.N. principles.

Jordan and Saudi Arabian airlines representatives have discussed the possibility of carrying Moslem pilgrims by plane, to by-pass the Akaba Gulf, it was announced in Amman today.

Ike Extols Dulles On 50th Anniversary

WASHINGTON, Saturday (UP). — President Eisenhower today expressed "personal and official gratitude" to Secretary of State John Foster Dulles on the 50th anniversary of the latter's service in foreign affairs.

In a letter released by the White House, the President said his appreciation of Mr. Dulles' "extraordinary ability" in the field of international relations, which had constantly grown since Mr. Dulles became Secretary of State in 1953.

U.S. Views with Favour Soviet Bid on Atom Ban

U.K., France Pledge Common Front

LONDON, Saturday (UP). — The French Premier, M. Maurice Bourges-Maunoury, and Prime Minister Harold Macmillan today reaffirmed their determination to cooperate fully in world affairs and to continue a common front on all East-West problems.

They conferred informally at a luncheon at No. 10 Downing Street given by Mr. Macmillan in honour of visiting heroes of the French wartime resistance.

No statement on their meeting was issued.

M. Bourges-Maunoury left directly after the luncheon for Northolt airport, where he had arrived only a few hours previously, to return to Paris.

His Government faces its first test early next week when fixing the order of business in the National Assembly.

The Cabinet's programme on Algeria, taxes and ratification of the Euratom and European Common Market treaties will be discussed at a first Council of Ministers on Monday. But its order of priorities may be disputed by the Assembly Steering Committee the following day.

By June 23 M. Bourges-Maunoury must secure Assembly renewal of special powers granted to deal with the Algerian insurrection.

(UP, Reuter)

Rehabilitation Loans For Nazi Victims

Loans to settle Israel residents who were deprived of their means of livelihood by the Nazis have been agreed to by the German authorities, according to information reaching the Ministry of Finance at the end of last week, the Ministry spokesman announced last night.

Israel is the first foreign state to whom such loans have been granted. Formerly, such settlement loans have been granted only to residents of Western Germany.

The recipients of these loans will be allotted sums up to 30,000 marks, or even more in special cases. This new arrangement, which is the result of a suggestion made by the Ministry of Finance during talks with the Restitution Office in Germany, will aid a wide circle of Israel residents, particularly craftsmen, professionals and agriculturalists.

Moscow Radio Rejects TV Exchange with U.S.

LONDON, Saturday (UP). — Secretary of State Dulles' proposal that the U.S. and Russia exchange television broadcasts was blasted by Moscow Radio today on grounds that Russians are not interested in Mr. Dulles' "anti-Soviet mouthings."

"We Soviet people are not interested in listening to the anti-Soviet mouthings of Mr. Dulles, or the reasonings of Admiral Radford or General Norstad and their talk about how America intends to annihilate our towns and villages," the commentary said.

The radio said that the Soviet Communist Party chief, Mr. Nikita Khrushchev's, recent interview carried on an American network "was an example of goodwill and sympathy towards the U.S.

GHANA, UKRAINE SEEK F.A.O. MEMBERSHIP

MADRID, Saturday (Reuter). — The new state of Ghana and the Soviet Republic of the Ukraine have applied for admission to the U.N. Food and Agricultural Organization. Hungary, which withdrew in 1952, has applied for readmission.

But Wants Production Stop

LONDON, Saturday (Reuter). — The Soviet delegate, Mr. Valerian Zorin, yesterday told the five-power U.N. Disarmament Sub-Committee that he was authorized to propose the stopping of all nuclear tests and the establishment of control posts in Russia.

(The immediate reaction in Washington, according to official sources, was that the U.S. would consider a big power agreement to suspend nuclear tests if Russia agreed simultaneously to halt production of fissionable materials for war uses under a fool-proof inspection system.)

Addressing the Sub-Committee after a week's recess, Mr. Zorin presented the following proposals:

- **Cessation of all tests for a period of two or three years.**
- **The setting up of an international commission to observe the implementation of the cessation of tests and to report to the Security Council and the General Assembly.**
- **Control posts suitably equipped with scientific apparatus to be set up in the U.S., Russia, Britain and the Pacific area for the observation of a cessation agreement.**

Stassen Optimistic

The U.S. delegate, Mr. Harold Stassen, who visited Washington for consultations, said that more progress has been achieved than "at any time in the last 11 years."

Non-American conference sources did not share his optimistic note. One source said "we are by no means sure that there are prospects of an agreement."

They noted that:

- **Mr. Stassen's own position and authority were not clear, following his reported disagreement with Secretary of State Dulles. It was reported from Washington that Mr. Dulles was sending a State Department official, Mr. Julius Holmes, to give Mr. Stassen "guidance" in the negotiations.**
- **The Soviet press had alleged that enemies of disarmament in the U.S. are trying to prevent an agreement being reached and to disrupt the work of the Sub-Committee.**
- **European allies of the U.S. have not yet approved the American proposals, though they have been discussing them informally for over two weeks. West Germany has been reported as anxious that any European aerial inspection, insofar as the Sub-Committee agreed on one, should not prejudice political reunification.**
- **The U.S. has declared that any disarmament agreement must also be acceptable to its allies not to the Sub-Committee.**

To Move Half-Way

Western conference sources said later Mr. Stassen said he had returned to resume serious negotiations prepared to move half-way if the other side would do the same towards a partial disarmament agreement at the earliest possible date.

M. Jules Moch of France said his Government felt Russia should also accept the cessation of the production of fissionable material for military purposes. He said France and other countries would not be bound by any agreement between the present three powers (U.S., Russia and Britain) to stop tests.

The source said Mr. Stassen had then spoken in support of M. Moch's view on the cessation of the production of fissionable material for military purposes. He also noted the Russian proposals made no mention of the Western suggestion that a group of technicians should meet at an early date to go into the question of the technique of inspection.

Officials in Washington said the U.S. may propose a conditional plan to suspend nuclear tests. The proposal would be made later on following consultation with European allies. This plan has been under formulation here for many weeks. Its broad outlines have been made public previously.

Officials said the Soviet proposal seems to fail to make any provision to halt production of fissionable material for war uses and to divert such production in the future to peaceful uses.

The new Soviet nuclear test proposals, far reaching in some respects, came as a surprise last night to observers following the meeting of the Sub-Committee. Though they were a development of what the Soviet Communist Party leader, Mr. Nikita Khrushchev, said at a press conference in Finland on Thursday, attention in the Sub-Committee had been focused on the difficulties which the U.S. delegate had been hav-

(Continued on Page 7, Col. 6)

Japan to Reject U.S. Atomic Arms

TOKYO, Saturday (UP). — Prime Minister Nobusuke Kishi said emphatically last night that he would not permit the U.S. to bring atomic weapons into Japan.

He reminded Japanese newsmen that he had repeatedly said he would refuse to permit U.S. stationing of atomic task forces or bringing in of atomic weapons in this country.

Macmillan Replies To Bulganin Note

MOSCOW, Saturday (Reuter). — The British Ambassador in Moscow, Sir Patrick Reilly, yesterday handed to the Soviet Prime Minister, Marshal Bulganin, the reply from Mr. Harold Macmillan, the British Premier, to Marshal Bulganin's message of April 20. Mr. Bulganin's letter ranged over foreign policy problems dividing the Soviet Government from the West.

In London, diplomatic circles said Mr. Macmillan's reply leaves the door open for an improvement in Anglo-Soviet relations but stands on the previous British position on matters in dispute between the two governments.

At the same time the letter was seen as calling emphatically for progress in the sphere of disarmament, where the outcome of negotiations in the five-nation disarmament subcommittee in London is believed to be in the melting pot.

Mr. Macmillan's letter gives no clue to two possibilities which have recently been the subject of speculation: the prospect of resumed Big Four talks on Germany and the prospect of a future visit by the British Premier to Moscow.

It was noted that Mr. Macmillan has not dropped from the discussion of world problems the British condemnation of Soviet intervention in Hungary last November.

9 Killed in Crash Of Polish Airliner

MOSCOW, Saturday. — Nine persons, including two Americans, were killed when a Polish twin-engine IL-14 airliner carrying 13 people crashed and disintegrated during a violent thunderstorm late last night a few minutes' flight west of Moscow.

The death roll also listed two Russian passengers, a Polish civilian and four Polish crew members. Three other Americans, including a mother and her daughter, survived, together with a Polish air hostess.

All five Americans aboard were from Grand Rapids, Michigan, and were en route from Warsaw to Moscow on an extensive European tour.

(UP, Reuter)

Rumanian Lieutenant Flies Plane to Turkey

ISTANBUL, Saturday (UP). — A Rumanian air force lieutenant flew his single-engined plane into Turkey last night to seek asylum.

He landed his plane at Karaagac in the western Turkish province of Edirne. Police said his name sounded like "Roland Birmingham," but they were having difficulty understanding him.

The pilot managed to convey to them that Rumanian anti-aircraft guns had fired on him as he crossed the frontier. He said he knew he was in Turkey when he saw the minarets of a mosque.

Holland and Belgium Ease China Trade

THE HAGUE, Saturday (Reuter). — Holland yesterday decided to ease restrictions on trade with Communist China.

Belgium yesterday also announced its decision to revise its restrictions on strategic goods exports to China.

France Asks UN Suez Mediation

PARIS, Saturday (Reuter). — A Foreign Ministry spokesman said today that France has requested U.N. Secretary-General Dag Hammarskjold to arrange for direct contact between the Egyptian Government and the Suez Canal Company for a settlement of outstanding questions resulting from nationalization of the Canal. A director-general of the Suez Canal Company, M. Georges Picot, is now in New York for this purpose, the spokesman added.

At the same time, the Government has sent the U.N. Secretary a letter informing him that its decision to end the boycott of the Suez Canal does not mean any change in its view on the Suez problem.

More than 100 French ships, mostly petrol tankers, are expected to use the Canal during the next two weeks, following the Government's decision, shipping circles in Paris said today. There is also speculation that petrol rationing will end in France in July.

A report from Port Said yesterday quoted quarters close to the Egyptian Canal Authority as saying that as soon as French ships began using the Canal a four-convoy system, instead of the present three convoys a day, would be established to cope with the traffic.

The 20,235-ton Liberian tanker World Jury passed through the Suez Canal on Friday on her way to Italy after being holed last Wednesday by a mine explosion.

The Suez roads were swept for mines on Thursday following the incident.

CANADA'S NEW ENVOY TO CAIRO

CAIRO, Saturday (UP). — Mr. Ronald McDonnell, the new Canadian Ambassador to Egypt, today presented his credentials to President Nasser.

Mr. McDonnell succeeds Mr. A. Herbert Norman who committed suicide last April after his name was mentioned in connection with Communist activities at a U.S. Senate sub-committee hearing.

Technion — Israel Institute of Technology
The President of the Institute announces
Laying of the Cornerstone
for the
Morris Mauerberger
Soil Engineering Building
at Technion City, Haifa,
today, June 16, 1957, at 5 p.m.
The public is invited.

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Social & Personal

The President visited the Central Zionist Archives in Jerusalem on Friday. He also visited the Sokolow Exhibition.

•

The Foreign Minister, Mrs. Golda Meir, on Friday received Mr. and Mrs. Philip Zinman, of Camden, New Jersey. They were accompanied by Mr. Leo Krown, the Director for Bonds in Israel.

•

The Journalists Association in Tel Aviv held a reception on Friday for Sir Francis Rundall, the new British Ambassador.

•

The Chief Rabbi, Dr. Y. H. Herzog, on Friday received the head of the Russian religious delegation, the Archimandrite Pimen, and the delegation's Secretary, Father Nikodim.

•

Mr. Frederic R. Mann of Philadelphia, a member of the Board of Governors of the Weizmann Institute of Science, a Vice-President of the American Committee of the Weizmann Institute and Chairman of the American-Israel Cultural Foundation, and Mr. Isaac Stern, the violinist, were received by Mrs. Vera Weizmann on Tuesday at her residence in Rehovot. Mr. Mann was later entertained to lunch at the Weizmann Institute by Dr. B. M. Bloch, Administrative Director of the Institute; Dr. I. Dostrovsky, Chairman of the Scientific Committee, and the heads of various departments of the institute.

•

At a special screening of "The Brave One" at the Tamar Cinema in Tel Aviv last Thursday, the Mexican Minister and Mrs. Ortiz Hernan, and the Chief of Staff and Mrs. Moshe Dayan, were among those present.

•

Leaders of the American Jewish Committee are arriving tonight for a 10-day visit. President Irving M. Engel leads the eight-man delegation which includes Dr. John Slawson, Herbert B. Ehrmann, Martin Gang, Frederick Greenman, Dr. Simon Segal, James Marshall and Zachariah Shuster.

•

Professor Joel Rivlin was elected Israel President of the B'nai B'rith Order at the Order's annual conference last week. Mr. Walter Schelitzer, Judge Joseph Lamm and Mr. Ze'ev Fuerth, were chosen Vice-Presidents, while Mr. Schelitzer was also named Chairman of the Executive Committee.

•

An exhibition of paintings by Edith Rosenberger was opened at the Katz Gallery in Tel Aviv yesterday.

•

Mr. Joachim Teitler, Chairman of the United Israel Appeal in Switzerland, and Mrs. Teitler, were entertained on Thursday at the home of Dr. and Mrs. Avraham Granott in Jerusalem.

•

Dr. Ezra Zohar, M.D., will address the Tel Aviv branch of the Hitahdut Olei Britannia on "Diseases of Western Civilization," in the Keren Hayesod Hall, 53 Rehov Hayarkon, at 8.30 p.m. today.

•

Pere Paul Gothier will speak in French on "Why I Love Israel," under the auspices of the Israel-France Friendship Association, in room 80 of the Technion at 8.30 tonight.

Edith Rosenfeld Dies at 35

The death took place yesterday in Jerusalem of Edith Rosenfeld wife of Mr. Shalom Rosenfeld, of "Ma'ariv." She was 35.

Born in Vienna, she met her future husband at the Betar workers' group in Rosh Pina before World War II. The mother of two children, she recently took up painting seriously and exhibited three of her works at the last general painters exhibition at the Alharizi Pavilion in Tel Aviv.

EMERGENCY PHARMACIES

JERUSALEM: Batish, 10 Straus, 2911.
TEL AVIV: Geula, 10 Allenby, 62278. Shor, 54 King George, 22963. Hagalil, 80 Ben Yehuda, 23356. Pilaradorf, 27 Nahlat Binyamin, 4082. Tamar, Hatikva Qtr., **JAFFA:** Sa'ad, 24 Sderot Yerushalayim, 81445. **RAMAT GAN:** Lighita, 19 Herzl, 71771. **PETAH TIKVA:** Balkin, 40 Hovevei Zion. **NATANYA:** Trufa. **HOLON:** Ribek, Kikar Struma. **REHOVOT:** Segal, 134 Herzl, 328.
HAIFA: Balfour, 1 Massada, 2289. Pentagon.

EMERGENCY PHYSICIANS

JERUSALEM: Dr. Romanov, 11 Arlosoroff, 61217. Dr. Grunwald, 22 Yehoshua Bin Nun, 63893. Dr. Shor, 45 Rassi.
TEL AVIV: Dr. Shaham, 2 Byrkin, 22842. Dr. Grifel, 3 Ben Yehuda, 23408. **JAFFA:** Dr. Weinberg, 4 Rehov 65.
HAIFA: Dr. Sherman, 9 Hanevi'im, 3424.

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LAW REPORT

The Jerusalem Post June 16, 1957

In the Supreme Court Sitting as Court Of Criminal Appeal

Before Justices Silberg, Landau and Berinson

The Attorney General v. Sharon Wines Ltd. & Others. (Cr. A. 142/56).

Failure to Make Compulsory Payment to Government is Not Punishable Offence

The Supreme Court dismissed an appeal against a decision of the Tribunal for the Prevention of Profiteering and Speculation attached to the Haifa District Court, delivered on June 24, 1956, (Cr. C. (Profiteering) 1/56).

The respondents had been charged before the Tribunal with failing to comply with a direction of the competent authority to make a compulsory payment to the Government in respect of the class of articles produced or supplied by them. This direction was made in accordance with Regulation 46(1B) of the Defence Regulations, 1939, para. (III) of which states that:

"the time, mode and place of payment of any amount fixed under paragraph (II) may be recovered in the same manner as a tax within the meaning of the Taxes (Collection) Ordinance."

Regulation 76 of the Defence Regulations provides that if any person contravenes or fails to comply with any direction given under the Regulations, he shall be guilty of an offence.

In accordance with the Prevention of Profiteering and Speculation (Jurisdiction) Law, 1951, a Tribunal is competent to deal with any economic offence and a person convicted by a Tribunal is liable to imprisonment of up to seven years or a fine not exceeding IL10,000, or both.

The respondents claimed that, even were the facts contained in the charge sheet correct, they had still not committed an offence because failure to make the compulsory payment was in itself not a punishable offence. The Tribunal accepted this preliminary argument and dismissed the charge.

The Attorney General appealed to the Supreme Court against this decision. Mr. G. Bach, Deputy State Attorney, appeared for the appellant and Mr. Avshalom Levi for the respondents.

Judgment

Justice Landau, who delivered the judgment of the Supreme Court, Justices Silberg and Berinson concurring, said that Mr. Bach's attempt to justify the application of Regulation 76 to a non-compliance with a direction to make a compulsory payment on the grounds that in certain suitable circumstances, when there is a genuine inability to pay, the courts may find justification in acquitting the accused, was unacceptable.

If, he said, regulation 76 does apply to a case of this nature, then it must, of necessity, apply in all circumstances, whether failure to comply with an order to make a compulsory payment is due to lack of sufficient means or to sheer recalcitrance. However, so undesirable a conclusion would follow only if the provisions of the law do not allow of any other interpretation.

Justice Landau then considered the respondents' Counsel's argument that the general tendency of fiscal legislation is not to look upon failure to pay taxes or other charges as a punishable offence but rather to lay down special measures of recovery. After discussing several laws dealing with taxation and the measures laid down in them for collecting taxes from the recalcitrant, he pointed out that the fact that regulation 46 (1B) lays down how the payment of the amounts fixed may be recovered clearly indicates that the legislator had not intended such far-reaching consequences of the rigid application of regulation 76 as mentioned above (see Lamplugh v. Norton, 1889, 22 Q.B.D. 452).

To this must also be added, Justice Landau continued, the fact that regulation 46 (1B) was added after regulation 76 had been in force for some time and it is quite possible that the legislator simply overlooked the undesirable consequences which would arise from the indiscriminate application of the latter to the former. In short, regulation 46 (1B) allows of an interpretation which precludes so undesirable a consequence, that interpretation being that the failure to comply with a direction to make a compulsory payment is not a punishable offence, there being other measures of recovery of payment expressly stipulated by the law.

Appeal dismissed.

Judgment given on May 26, 1957.

Jarcho Meets With Medical Library Men

Representatives of the 23 Julius Jarcho Medical Libraries of the Jewish National and University Library, met in the University's Senate Hall on Thursday, to discuss the problems of their libraries with the man who was largely responsible for their establishment — Dr. Julius Jarcho, of New York.

The meeting was opened by the Director of the Jewish National and University Library, Dr. C. Wormann, who paid tribute to Dr. Jarcho for his unique services in building up medical libraries all over the country. For nearly 40 years Dr. Jarcho had been supplying libraries in this country with essential medical literature and had inspired others to follow his example.

All the speakers stressed the importance of medical libraries both for students and practising physicians, and underlined the need for further expansion in this field.

Gets 2 Years For Going to Jordan

Jerusalem Post Reporter

KFAR SABA, Saturday. — A military tribunal on Thursday sentenced Salamon Mohamed Akbar, 19, of Kfar Tira in the Triangle, to two years imprisonment for infiltrating into Jordan and returning to Israel.

The accused retracted all his previous statements to the police, claiming they had been extracted under pressure.

Death Sentence For Killing 40 Years Ago

BUDAPEST, Saturday (Reuter). — A court yesterday sentenced to death a 69-year-old Hungarian peasant, Vihaly Hiss, on charges of torturing and murdering Communists and Jews nearly 40 years ago.

The prosecution said Hiss was a non-commissioned officer of armed troops which killed and robbed during an anti-Communist "white terror" which raged in Hungary after the overthrow of a short-lived Communist regime in 1919.

BARRACKS. — King Faisal yesterday opened a new British-built military barracks for 2,000 officer cadets at Rashid camp.

Where to go

JERUSALEM

• **Exhibitions:**— Permanent exhibition at the Department of Antiquities, 25 Rehov Shlomo Hamelekh. New rooms: Prehistory and Israelite period. Educational exhibit: How to arrange small local collections. Special exhibits. New finds from tombs excavated in Jerusalem and from Ein Malahha. 9-1, 3-5.

Conquest of the Desert, Permanent Exhibition. Daily from 10-1, 4-6. On Friday from 10-1 only. Closed on Saturday.

1) Chagall's Etchings and Old Master Graphics on Old Testament themes; 2) Louise Schatz—32 watercolours; 3) Persian Miniatures. Bezalel, 9-1, 3-6.

1) 70th Anniversary Exhibition of Jacob Steinhardt and the sculptor Jacob Loew. 2) Paintings by Erich Brauer in the Jerusalem Artists Gallery, Artists House, 10-1, 4-7.

• **Tours:**— Hebrew University Conducted tour, 10 a.m. Administration Bldg., New University Campus. (Conducted tours in Hebrew Sundays and Thursdays, 11 a.m.

• **Film Shows:**— Israel Films, daily Keren Hayesod Hall, 11.30 a.m.

• **Lectures:**— Prof. Aric Tartakover on "Poland Nowadays," Beeri Club, 9 Rehov Alharizi, 8.30.

"Iraq: Its Government and Its People," Mr. S. Tamler, Beit Ha'am, 8 p.m.

• **French Singing Ensemble:**— "Les Compagnons de la Chanson," Edison.

TEL AVIV

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For a Chinese lunch and dinner only Riksa, 2 Rehov Trumpeldor.

• **Exhibitions:**— 1) Paintings by Senia Berger. 2) Copper Reliefs by Aria Mercer, 3) "The French Book Exhibition." Museum, 10-1, 4-7.

• **Theatre:**— Camerl, "Yerma," New Hall, 8.30.

MIGDAL ASHKELON

• **Theatre:**— Do-Re-Mi, "The Little Hut," 8.30.

British Navy Foils Mutiny on Tanker

BAHREIN, Persian Gulf, Saturday (UP). — An armed boarding party from a Royal Navy frigate came to the rescue of a British tanker captain yesterday after his Chinese crew threatened to mutiny. The skipper of the 10,422-ton Gervase Sleigh sent out an S.O.S. call and the 2,000-ton frigate H.M.S. Loch Alvie met with the tanker at anchor near Shatt el Arab.

Sailors from the frigate, armed with rifles and pistols, rushed aboard the tanker and seized six Chinese who, the captain said, were the ring leaders of the mutiny plot. The arrested men were taken ashore and turned over to Iraqi police.

After the boarding party took control of the situation, the rest of the Chinese crew refused to handle the ship and were also put ashore. A skeleton crew from the Loch Alvie went aboard the tanker and the ship moved off toward Mina el Ah-adi under escort by the frigate.

Trotsky Killer Seen Serving Full Term

MEXICO CITY, Saturday (UP).—Jacques Mornard, the Communist hatchetman who murdered Leon Trotsky here in August, 1940, appeared fated to serve out the full 20-year term to which he was sentenced for the crime.

A court here refused on Thursday to issue an injunction demanding that the Health Ministry show cause for its failure to grant Mornard a parole. The killer, whose real name is not known here, became eligible for parole when he completed two-third of his term in 1954. Mexican authorities have refused so far to set him free.

Peace Council Dislikes Doctrine

COLOMBO, Saturday (Reuter). — Mr. Ivor Montagu of Britain, Secretary of a Commission on Relaxation of World Tension, set up by the World Peace Council now in session here, said yesterday all its speakers condemned the Eisenhower Doctrine as leading to interference in the internal affairs of Middle Eastern countries.

A second commission set up to consider problems of nuclear test explosions decided to present today an appeal to the three powers possessing atomic weapons to suspend tests.

New York Judo Expert Visits Here

TEL AVIV, Saturday (USIS). — Brooks Mendell, a New York mental health crusader and judo expert, is giving U.N. forces a few pointers in "non-aggressive self-protection."

Mr. Mendell, 52, is on a year's tour of Europe, South America and the Middle East to enlist support in his one-man campaign to aid the physically and emotionally handicapped, and to fight polio. He took time out during his visit to Israel to give talks and demonstrations of his "I-do" system of unarmed combat for officers and men at the U.N. Headquarters in no-man's land, Jerusalem, and at the Gaza Strip border.

Mr. Mendell plans to leave for Rome in a few days.

ONE OF THE leading French publishing houses has brought out a French edition of the book by Dr. E. Silberner, Associate Professor of Economics at the Hebrew University, on "War and Peace in the History of Economic Doctrines." English and Spanish editions of this work have already been published.

ON THE AIR

FIRST PROGRAMME
422, 249, 31.3 & 48.9 M.

News: Hebrew: 6.35, 7.00 a.m. 1.30, 5.00, 7.00, 9.00, 11.00 p.m. **English:** 1.45 p.m. **French:** 2.00 p.m. **Arabic Programme** (including News): 7.30 a.m. 2.15, 6.00 and 11.08 p.m.

6.30 Service. 6.37 Exercises. 6.47 Musical Clock (R). 8.30 Close Down.

12.00 N. Woman's Corner. 12.30 "First Broadcast" — David Hadda (Baritone), at the Piano: Alexandra Elinson. 12.50 Messages to Immigrants. 1.00 Lunchtime Music: Yves Montand (Vocalist). 5.30 Close Down.

5.05 Mishna Lesson. 5.25 Interlude. 5.30 Youth Programme. 7.15 "We Present Tonight." 7.18 "Ron Ami." 7.35 Sport. 7.55 Intermezzo with Peggy Lee. 8.05 This Week at the Cinema. 8.25 "For & Against" — edited by E. Carmel. 8.55 Bible Reading — Yirmiyahu — Chap. 5. 9.15 I.P.O. Concert: Conductor: Walter Susskind; Soloist: Ida Handel (Violin): Smetana: Overture "The Bartered Bride"; Sibelius: Violin Concerto in D-minor, op. 47. 10.00 "On Compositions & Composers." 10.30 Light Music. 11.15 Close Down.

SECOND PROGRAMME
422, 480, 225, 46.9 & 33.3 M.

French News: 9.50 p.m.
English News: 10.00 p.m.
IMMIGRANTS' HOUR (33.3, 43.9 & 480 M.): 6.00 Music for Sunday. 6.40 Tunes by Richard Rodgers. 7.00 Hebrew for Beginners. 7.15 News in Easy Hebrew. 7.30 Yiddish. 8.00 Rumanian. 8.15 Hungarian. 8.30 Ladino. 9.00 Interval. 9.15 Mograbit. 9.30 French. 10.15 Close Down.
KOL ZION LAGOLA (33.3 M.): **Programme to South Africa:** 6.00 News Headlines. 6.01 Yiddish News. 6.09 Calling South Africa. 6.15 Music in our Land. 6.30 News. 6.37 "Sunday Column." **Programme for U.K.** 12.00 News. 12.07 "Sunday Column." 12.15 "Progress Report." 12.30 David Halpern, tenor. 12.45 "The Ethical Element in Judaism."
ARMY PROGRAMME (44.6, 206, 226 & 253 M.): 6.30 Opening. 6.35 Songs. 7.00 News. 7.10 Sport. 7.25 Light Music. 8.00 "For your Information." 8.30 Classical music, played by a guest. 9.00 News. 9.10 "Weekly Announcements. 9.45 Dance Music. 10.30 Close Down.
B.B.C. HEBREW BROADCASTS (16.79, 19.52, 16.96 & 25.15 M.): 7.30-8.00 p.m. News. Israelis in Britain. Contact Programme. International Commentary.

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Israel Offers Assistance In Control of Cattle Disease

Israel's success in combating the spread of cattle plague through meat imported from infested countries will be put at the disposal of other countries who wish to buy meat in Asia and Africa, Dr. S. Freund, head of the Animal Department of the Ministry of Agriculture, declared on Friday.

He was reporting on the deliberations of the annual general meeting of the International Office on Animal Epidemics, which was held recently in Paris.

Several countries sponsored a resolution to prohibit outright the import of meat from lands where cattle plague incidence was high. However, in view of the fact that a number of countries are dependent for their meat supply on those lands and that Israel has successfully imported beef from Eritrea for the past four years without infecting her own herds, the resolution was amended to take into consideration Israel's experience, Dr. Freund said.

The conference also dealt with the problem of foot and mouth disease, which is once again ravaging Europe. It was pointed out that inoculation alone is unable to stamp out the sickness entirely, and it was urged to couple inoculation with the slaughtering of all infected animals.

Countries, such as Israel, which are unable for economic reasons to slaughter all their cattle, should practise inoculation in conjunction with strict quarantine regulations and slaughtering when necessary, it was decided.

New Atom Power Station for Russia

MOSCOW, Saturday (Reuter). — A new big atomic power station with a capacity of 420,000 kilowatts in its first stage is under construction in the Soviet Union, according to TASS. The first stage is expected to produce current for industry in 1960.

The new station would be the first of a series and would run on a mixture of natural and enriched uranium. It would be incorporated into the power grid for the European part of the country.

Pakistan to Raise Kashmir Issue Again

DACCA, Saturday (Reuter).—The Pakistan Premier, Mr. H.S. Suhrawardy, told a public meeting last night he calculated that the 81 nations of the U.N. General Assembly would support Pakistan's case if the Kashmir issue were taken to the Assembly.

He added that the mission of the U.N. special envoy in Kashmir, Mr. Gunnar Jarring, having failed, Pakistan was taking the issue back to the Security Council. If the Council took no further steps Pakistan would turn to the Assembly.

Cinemas

JERUSALEM
At 3.30, 7 and 9 p.m.
ARNON: Behind the High Wall.
EDEN: Ransom.
EDISON: Boot Polish.
ORGIL: The Ambassador's Daughter.
ORION: The Battle of the River Plate.
ORNA: Love Me Tender.
RON: "Soli Per le Strade."
SEMADAR: King Richard of the Crusaders.
STUDIO: The Lavender Hill Mob.
ZION HALL: The Proud and the Profane.

TEL AVIV
At 4, 7.30 and 9.30 p.m.
ALLENBY: Istanbul.
ARMON DAVID: Bellissima.
CHEN: A Town Like Alice.
EDEN: Malaguena Star of Rio.
ESTHER: High Society.
DAN: We Want a Child. Matinee: The Black Plague.
MIGDALOR: "Mademoiselle de Paris."
MOGRABI: Anastasia.
ORION: Dunja.
OPHIR: War and Peace.
SHDEROTH: The King and I.
TAMAR: The Brave One.
TCHELET: The Caddy.
YABON: Don Juan.
ZAFON: "Bonnes a Tuer."
ZAMIR: "Tempo Nostri."

HAIFA
AMPHITHEATRE: Teenage Rebel.
ARMON: Richard III.
EN DOR: D-Day the Sixth of June.
GAL OR: Payment on Demand. Matinee: The Las Vegas Story.
MAY: Pete Kelly's Blues.
ORAH: Vertice.
ORLY: The Importance of Being Earnest.
ORION: Trapeze.
MORIAH: Moby Dick.
PEER: "Maison de Rendez-Vous."
TCHELET: Pillars of the Sky.

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Landauer Youth Aliya Home is Dedicated

A children's home in Kibbutz Matsuba was dedicated last week to the memory of Georg Landauer, a veteran Jewish Agency official and head of its Youth Aliya Department, who died in 1954.

Speakers at the ceremony included Mr. Y. Sprinzak, Speaker of the Knesset, and Mr. G. Josephthal, Secretary-General of Mapai, both of whom were close friends of Landauer's, Mr. M. Kol, head of Youth Aliya, and Mrs. A.P. Schoolman, who came from New York to speak on behalf of the National Youth Aliya Committee of Hadassah. Dr. Tramer represented the Irgun Olei Mercaz Europa.

Mr. Reudor Yehuda, Secretary of the Kibbutz, paid tribute to Ihud Hakvutzot Vehakibbutzim without whose manpower and technical assistance, he said, the children's home could never have been built.

The children's home, which was built to provide room for an additional 50 Youth Aliya children (there are now 44 children) consists of a main building which contains a large auditorium, a library and a Georg Landauer memorial room, three four-room dormitories, a schoolhouse, and a shower-room building.

Funds for the home, which totalled $50,000, were contributed by Hadassah, the Jewish Agency, the Agricultural Workers Federation, the Ministry of Labour, Irgun Olei Mercaz Europa, PASA, Mekorot, and Amidar.

ARDITI IN SPAIN

BARCELONA, Saturday (UP). — M. Benjamin Arditi, Herut Knesset member, arrived here on Thursday from Paris on a visit to Spain.

Czechs Hold Up Visit To Yugoslavia

PRAGUE, Saturday (Reuter). — Reports of Mr. Nikita Khrushchev's expected visit to Prague coincide with an official announcement that the planned visit of the Czech Premier, Mr. Viliam Siroky, to Belgrade in the second half of June, had been postponed until later "by mutual arrangement."

Political observers believe the postponement was decided to enable Mr. Siroky to prepare for the talks with the Russians. Some quarters thought Mr. Siroky might wish to have an exchange of ideas with Mr. Khrushchev before meeting President Tito.

Premier Siroky was invited to Yugoslavia last year during the political thaw which followed the 20th Congress of the Soviet Communist Party at which the faults of Stalin were openly criticized for the first time, but the invitation fell into abeyance owing to Yugoslavia's attitude to the Hungarian rising.

Reliable sources in Belgrade said the postponement was a further indication that the Communist bloc was showing no undue haste to improve relations with Yugoslavia.

THIS WEEK AT TAMAR CINEMA, TEL AVIV
"OSCAR" Winner

THE HUNGARIAN FOLK MUSIC AND DANCE ENSEMBLE
RAMAT GAN: June 18, Rama. Tickets: Rechnitz.
JERUSALEM: June 19, Edison. Tickets: Cahana.
HAIFA: June 20, Orch. 7 & 9.30: Tickets: Yuval and Gruenberger.
NAHARIYA: June 21.
TEL AVIV: June 23 & 24, Ohel Shem. Tickets: Radio Union, Kaufmann.

Price Fluctuations and Causes

(Second article of the Series "How the prices of our citrus fruit in markets abroad are determined."

In the first article we saw how the cost of transport and offloading the outlay for two cartons was 11s. more than for a wooden crate. That is to say that in order to cover the expenses and fetch the grower the same amount he realizes from a wooden crate, the two cartons must fetch 11s. more than a crate.

How Is the Price Fixed?

When a ship with Israel fruit arrives at an English port, the fruit importers do not yet know at what price the fruit will be sold.

Every one of the importers who receive the fruit corresponding to sales prospects, deposits a certain sum of advance money and receives his portion. Part of the importers sell the fruit by tender, part first take the fruit to their stores where they sell to wholesalers who in turn sell to retailers throughout the country.

Differences in Fruit Prices

If too great a part of the fruit is put on tender it is clear that the price tends to drop. On the other hand, this is too great a load for the importers fruit stores to cause a drop in prices which advertisely affects the readiness of purchasers on tender to raise the prices.

Other factors affecting the price of fruit depend on the quantity arriving from other countries at the same time, the weather and even the political situation.

Therefore we sometimes find fluctuation in prices not only from one day to another, but even from morning to noon on fruit from that ship, the same quality and same packing.

Let us take for example the prices of fruit that reached London in mid-January on board the Ingrid Gorton and compare the prices for wooden crates only in order to see that fluctuations are not connected with packing.

Size of fruit	Price on 14/1	Price on 16/1
150	66/-	56/-
180 (partial)	61/-	51/6
180 (partial)	65/-	55/-
210	67/6	62/-

From another group of ships that arrived in mid-March the fruit in wooden crates was sold at the following prices :

Size of Fruit	Price on 11/3	Price on 13/3
120	55/6	46/6
150	51/6	50/6
180	52/3	51/-

We see therefore that in the difference of one or two days there are fluctuations in the price of the same fruit in the same packing. Sometimes there is a drop in price, sometimes a rise. And as we have noted: Sometimes on the very same day different prices are obtained for fruit of the same size and same packing.

THESE FLUCTUATIONS ARE CONNECTED WITH THE IMPORTERS' SALES MECHANISM AND HAVE NOTHING TO DO WITH THE WAY THE FRUIT IS PACKED.

A test of the worthwhileness of packing methods can only be made at the end of the season, together with a general summary of sales. Any incidental "comparison" during the season is bound to mislead and should not be seriously entertained.

In the next article we shall draw up such a comparison tn Shamouti and see that in the final accounting the crate-packed fruit brought better prices than carton packed fruit.

Israel Citrus Marketing Board

Church Services

JERUSALEM

St. Paul's Church (Musrara Qr.): E.S., 7 p.m. H.C., as announced. Clergy: Canon H.R.A. Jones (Tel 3713). Rev. J. Ayre (Tel. 5194).

St. Andrew's Church (Scots Memorial) M.S. 10 a.m. Minister Rev. W. Gardiner Scott. Vesper Service united with Y.M.C.A. at 6.30 p.m.

Combined Evangelical Services (Y.M.C.A. Lecture Hall), 7.30 p.m. All welcome.

Catholic: 6 a.m. German Hospice Chapel. Languages: German, Italian, English, French. 7 a.m. Terra Sancta Chapel. Languages: English, French, German, Italian: St. Pierre de Sion (Ratisbonne). Languages: French, Arabic, English, German Hungarian, Hebrew, Portuguese: 6 a.m. Jesuits Chapel (near King David Hotel) Languages: French, Polish, English, Italian, German. 9 a.m. Pierre de Sion 10 a.m. Terra Sancta College.

Notre Dame de France (St. Paul's St.), M.S. 8 a.m. Languages: French, English, German, Italian.

American Gospel Church (Prophets St., near Bikur Holim). Morning Worship, 11 a.m. Midweek Prayers: Wednesday at 7.30 p.m. Minister M.G. Griebenow.

Christian Fellowship Vesper Service (Y.M.C.A.). 6.30 p.m. Vesper talk, "Two Ways to be Different," by Herbert L. Minard. Public welcome.

Brethren (Jamli House, Talbieh). Breaking of Bread, Sunday: 9.30 a.m. Wednesday: Bible Hour, 7.30 p.m. Saturday: 3.30 p.m. Good News Hour.

Church of the Nazarene (St. Julian's Way): E.S. 7.30 p.m.

Bible Evangelical Mission (Pentecostal), Hovevei Zion St., first house: Sunday, 11 a.m. & 7.30 p.m. Saturday, 11 a.m. & 7.30 p.m. (Rev. J.W. Foster).

Jerusalem Baptist Congregation (Opp. Gan Rehavia). Wednesday: Bible reading & Prayer 7.30 p.m. Friday: E.S. 7.30 p.m. Saturday: Bible Study, 10.30 a.m.

Seventh Day Adventists (Rehov Abraham Lincoln, near Y.M.C.A.): 9.30 a.m. Sabbath School 10.45 a.m. Preaching & Worship: 4 p.m. Bible class.

Russian Orthodox Church (Russian Compound): Mass 8 a.m. (Russian).

Greek Orthodox Church (St. Simeon's, Katamon): Mass 8.30 a.m. (Greek & Arabic).

Assemblies of God Church, corner Mamilla & King George Rds. (Pastor: H.B. Pomeovic): Sat., 7.30 p.m.; Sun., 6 p.m. Prayer Meeting: Wed., 7.30 p.m.

TEL AVIV & JAFFA

Immanuel Church (Anglican Episcopal) off 19 Eliat St. H.C., 7.30 a.m.; M.S. 10 a.m. E.S. 7 p.m. Preacher: Rev. R.G. Allison, P.O.B. 3772, Tel Aviv.

Church of Scotland (St. Peter's), Jaffa: M.S. 10 a.m. E.S. 7 p.m.

St. Peter's Church (Catholic), Jaffa Port: 7 a.m. Weekdays 6 p.m. Languages: French, Italian, Spanish.

Russian Orthodox Church (St. Peter's Church, Abu Kebir): Mass 9 a.m. (Russian).

St. Anthony Catholic Church Jaffa: Sunday Masses, 8 & 10 a.m., 7 p.m. Languages: Arabic, French, German, English, Italian, Spanish.

HAIFA

St. Luke's Church: Mountain St., near Vine St. (American Protestant: Episcopal): H.C. 7.30 a.m.; M.S. 10 a.m. E.S. 6.30. (P.O.B. 1797).

The Scandinavian Seamen's Church, 41 Meir St., P.O.B. 1305. Lutheran Service, 7.30 p.m. (Rev. Per Faye Hansen).

Russian Orthodox Church (St. Eliyah's Cave, Mt. Carmel): Mass 8 a.m.

Brethren (Bethesda Gospel Hall, 59 Allenby Rd.): Sun.: Breaking of Bread, 9.30 a.m. (2nd & 4th Sun. of month 6.30 p.m.); Gospel meetg., 5 p.m. Wed.: Bible Study, 8 p.m.; Prayer, 6.30 p.m. Sat.: Bible study, 5 p.m. Languages: Hebrew, Arabic, English, Russian, German, etc.

NAZARETH

Church of Annunciation (Greek Orthodox): Mass 8 a.m. (Greek and Arabic).

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Dwellings—Premises

1) FOR immediate sale, in Rehavia, luxurious 2-room flat, ground floor, central heating, boiler, terrace 8x3 m., garden, shelter — IL12,500. 2) Wanted to rent 1-room flat in centre Jerusalem, P.O.B. 349, Jerusalem.

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ENGLISH conversation circle, Thursday evening. Single lessons. Moderate fees. Geller, 18 Rehov Bialik, Tel Aviv. Tel. 5688.

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WANTED first-class washing machine and first-class refrigerator from private owner only. P.O.B. 2880, Tel Aviv.

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1¼ DUNAM plot for sale in Tel Binyamin. Contact: K. Yaron, 34 Rehov Ben Yehuda, Jerusalem.

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CURTAINS — Sunshades — Rettinger, Tel. 82168, 8 Rehov Michal, Mt. Carmel. Washing — Stretching — Redecorating.

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WANTED salesman for subscriptions (countrywide), must know English, Hebrew. Motorcycle Owner Preferred. Write to: Business Diary, P.O.B. 1313, Haifa.

WANTED for metal factory in Tel Aviv secretary (male or female) with wide experience in office work. Full knowledge of Hebrew. English an asset. Please write to: No. 4370, P.O.B. 1136, Tel Aviv.

Situations Wanted

FRENCH-English lady, stenographer, typist, correspondent, translator, receptionist, librarian, seeks half or full- time job. Write No. 29841, P.O.B. 1136, Tel Aviv.

HOTEL and Catering Manager with long experience, best references, pleasant appearance, fluent in many languages (not Hebrew) seeks position with first class establishment in Israel. Apply: P.O.B. 887, Jerusalem.

CHARTERED accountant, B. Com., industrial commercial experience. Knows French, German, Yiddish, completed advanced Ulpan course, seeks suitable situation. Write: No. 29880, P.O.B. 1125, Tel Aviv.

GIRL 15 years, needing tuition fees, speaking English, Hebrew, Arabic. Experience housework, children. Seeks situation summer holidays. Write: No. 29830, P.O.B. 1125, Tel Aviv.

EXPERIENCED independent male, English shorthand typist, seeks job. Write No. 29832, P.O.B. 1125, Tel Aviv.

Miscellaneous

RESPONSIBLE amateur gardener (female) care for small house and garden for a few months, pleasant seashore vicinity. Please write details: P.O.B. 8753, Jaffa.

Today's Postbag

The Weather

FORECAST: Fair.

	A	B	C	D
Mt. Cana'an	—	14	28	26
Tiberias	33	22	30	30
Haifa Port	65	21	27	26
Natanya	65	20	28	27
Tel Aviv Port	73	20	28	26
Lydda Airport	50	17	28	28
Jerusalem	50	17	26	24
Beersheba	41	12	32	31
Sdom	24	24	36	36
Eilat	24	22	38	36

*A) Humidity at 5 p.m. B) Minimum temp. C) Maximum yesterday. D) Maximum temp. expected today.

ARRIVALS

Mr. J.A. Bradman, General Manager of the Supaslot Angle Company Ltd., from London for discussions with the Miromit Company regarding production in Israel and export of the range of Supaslot slotted angles (by El Al).

23-YEAR-OLD Hadiga Ayid Eved of Jaljulia gave herself up to the police at the end of last week after having spent two weeks in Jordan. She claimed that she fled from her husband, who used to beat her.

* * *

AN EXHIBITION of original paintings by 10 American artists was opened last week in the Beit Yad Levanim in Petah Tikva by Dr. Thomas H. McGrail, U.S. Cultural Attache. It was loaned by the Bezalel Museum, Jerusalem, and was held under the patronage of the U.S. Ambassador, Mr. Edward E. Lawson, and the Israel-America Friendship League.

'McClean's Handwriting Said Same as Weiss'

A letter addressed by Oliver McClean (formerly Ya'acov Weiss) to the Syrian Intelligence Service bore handwriting identical with that of other documents written by Weiss.

This was stated by the police handwriting expert, A.S.P. Avraham Hagag, in evidence given before the Jerusalem District Court on Friday, the second day of Weiss's trial on charges of making arrangements to hand over secret information on the Israel Defence Forces to the Syrian Intelligence Service and of writing secret information on the Israel Defence Forces.

When asked by defence counsel A. Levitsky whether it was proved from the handwriting on these documents that the writer was mentally unbalanced, Mr. Hagag excused himself from expressing an opinion on the grounds that he was not an expert graphologist.

An Israel Army Intelligence officer was questioned at length by Mr. M. Volinsky, Deputy District Attorney, and by Mr. Levitsky, on the value of the various documents in the case. The officer's evidence was heard *in camera's*. A girl witness was also heard *in camera* "for personal reasons." *(Itim)*

Watchman Killed By Exploding Boiler

Jerusalem Post Reporter

BEERSHEBA, Saturday. — The watchman of Kibbutz Lahav, 30 kms. north of here, was killed early this morning by an exploding boiler in the settlement bath house.

In the course of his rounds, the watchman, here from Brazil on a year's service, noticed that pressure in the boiler was too high. In adjusting the fuel valve of the oil burner, he opened it instead of closing it.

The pressure shot up above the boiler's capacity, and it exploded, bringing down the bath house on Tarsis' head. He died on his way to Hadassah Hospital in Beersheba.

HIT AND RUN HORSE AND CART

Jerusalem Post Reporter

BEERSHEBA, Saturday. — A hit-and-run horse and cart yesterday struck down and severely injured a two-year-old boy in Moshav Heletz.

The boy, Sa'adia Vahav, was taken to Bellinson Hospital with serious head injuries.

Police are looking for a cart with bloodstains on the wheels.

NOT SHELL STATION

A report in Friday's paper alleging that the Shell Company had cut off supplies to the petrol station at Sdom has been denied by the Company. A Shell spokesman declared that the station does not belong to Shell nor does it supply it.

Bentov Traces Plan to Settle 100,000 in Negev by 1962

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA, Saturday. — Plans for the settlement of 100,000 persons in the southern Negev during the next five years at a cost of IL400m. were described by the Minister of Development, Mr. M. Bentov, to an audience of members of the local Manufacturers Association this week-end.

The plans call for employment of 12,500 persons in productive jobs, mostly in mining enterprises and ore processing plants in the settlement area south of Beersheba. Together with their families they will total about 50,000 persons. Another 50,000 will make their living from services in the area.

Mr. Bentov said that only one-half of 1 per cent of the population is now living in the southern Negev, which accounts for 55 per cent of the total area of Israel. More intensive settlement of this vast area was considered a top priority task.

Limited Agriculture

The possibilities of agricultural settlement in the area were limited. At best, it will be possible to establish 10 agricultural settlements in the Tel Arad area, west of Sdom, if water is brought there from the Yarkon-Negev pipeline. Another two settlements could be established in the Arava.

Together they could support some 2,000 breadwinners. The others would have to earn their living from work on exploitation of the natural resources of the area and their processing, as well as a tourist industry based on the beauty of the landscape.

Mr. Bentov revealed that besides the Oron phosphates field, an additional 17 fields had been discovered, some of very high quality. The total phosphate rock reserves of the Negev have been estimated at 200-300 million tons, valued at from $2-$3m. There were good prospects of efficient mining and enriching the phosphates, and production would reach a million tons per annum within five years. To achieve this five hamlets of phosphate miners with 1,000 workers would be established.

Phosphate Industry

Another industry would be the processing of natural phosphorus and soda ash from the phosphates. An investment of IL40m. would provide jobs for 1,500 men in this industry. It was also possible to establish plants for processing potash products, and there were possibilities of producing manganese and chlorine. Five hundred men could be employed in these enterprises following an investment of IL9m.

Mr. Bentov stated that 90 per cent of the clays needed by the local ceramics industry were available in the Negev. Lately fine clay with high aluminium properties had also been discovered. This could be sold at $25 to $40 a ton, F.O.B. Germany and Italy were in the market for 150,000 tons of this clay during the next five years. The width of the field was found to be 12 kms. and it still needed surveying.

Granite of a better quality than that found in Sweden had been discovered in the Makhtesh Ramon; plaster and glass sand of the highest quality had also been found. this sand made possible the establishment of a local cut glass industry. About 1,000 persons could be employed in these enterprises.

Bitumen Stone

Large quantities of bitumen were found in the Dead Sea area. They could serve as fuel for thermal power stations. One such plant was planned for Ein Bokek.

The sulphur springs could serve as medicinal hot springs and together these enterprises could employ another 1,000 men.

The capacity of the Timna copper mines, now scheduled to produce 7,000 tons of copper annually, could be doubled and work for an additional 200 men found there. Cement works north of Eilat could be established and in the town itself there was room for developing all kinds of fish and meat canning plants, as well as import and export firms. The town had a climate that made winter holidays there an unrivalled attraction. Together with fisheries, shipping and navigation, another 3,000 workers could be employed there.

There was also a plan for planting eucalyptus trees, needing little irrigation, on half a million dunams of sand in the southern Negev. The trees would yield raw materials for the paper industry and 500 workers would be permanently employed on the project.

Besides, another 1,000 men would be employed on building the homes and factories needed, with an additional 750 servicing the industries. These 12,500 jobs would make room for 50,000 persons, with the same number to make their living from services. This proportion was far better than is at present the case in the country, Mr. Bentov said.

Of the IL400m. investment, only half would come from government sources, at the rate of IL40m. a year from the Development Budget. He had not included the cost of housing the settlers in the estimate, as the houses would have to be built for them wherever they were settled.

Electronics Engineers Open Session Today

REHOVOT, Saturday. — The second annual conference of electronics engineers opns in the Wix Auditorium of the Weismann Institute of Science tomorrow. The conference is organized by the Electronics Department of the Weizmann Institute, with the participation of the Israel Section of the Institute of Radio Engineers, and the Israel Association of Engineers and Architects.

The two-day conference will be opened by Mr. C. Ben Menahem, Director-General of the Ministry of Posts. Among the speakers will be representatives of the Ministry of Posts, the Hebrew University, the Technion, the Air Force and the Weizmann Institute.

Negba II Given Up As Dry Hole

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — Drilling for oil at Negba II has been stopped, and the hole is to be abandoned as dry, a Lapidot spokesman declared yesterday. It is located near Negba and north of the Heletz field.

At the Bror Hayil II oil well, where the bit is boring to a depth of some 200 feet beyond the proven oil level, drilling is about to be stopped, as scheduled. Casings will then be let down into the hole, and in about 10 days' time tests will be carried out, after which the well will be cleared for production.

No signs of a further and deeper oil bearing formation have as yet been detected. A Lapidot spokesman declared that drilling beyond an oil strike was always carried out as a routine check.

No decision has yet been taken on further drilling in the field, the spokesman said.

New Plant Producing 30 Tons Sugar a Day

RAMAT GAN, Saturday. — Three hundred tons of sugar beet are being refined daily at the Pri Sukar factory at Givatayim, now in its third week of operation, into more than 30 tons of white sugar.

The beet comes from the Lachish and Beer Tuvia areas.

The ratio of ten tons of beet to each ton of sugar is considered satisfactory in view of the newness of the plant. It approaches the norm in other countries of seven or eight tons of beet for every ton of sugar.

Suspected Spies Out on Bail

RAMLE, Saturday. — Four Arab youths, charged with giving security information to infiltrators from Jordan, were released on bail by Chief Magistrate A. Alouf at Rehovot yesterday.

The four had been arrested at night in an orange grove near the Jordan border about a month ago. *(Itim)*

Tivon Resident Killed On Hula Boar Hunt

TIBERIAS, Saturday. — Moshe Pauker, 50, of Tivon, was shot and killed by a fellow hunter in the Hula area at midnight last night.

The man who shot him, a member of Moshav Sh'ar Yashuv, was detained for questioning.

The two were out shooting wild boar when Pauker's movements in the dark apparently caused him to be mistaken for a boar. The hunter fired one shot that hit and instantly killed Pauker.

Boy Run Over On Way to Beach

HAIFA, Saturday. — A two-year-old boy was killed, and his uncle, who was taking him to the beach, seriously injured, when they were struck by a car while they were on their way to the Kiryat Haim seashore this morning.

The child's name is Asher Lehrman, of Kiryat Haim, and his uncle is Feibish Itzkovitz, also of the bayside suburb. Itzkovitz is in the Rambam Hospital.

A girl passenger in the car, Avigail Antebi, was also slightly hurt.

The 20-year-old driver of the car was detained for questioning.

BOY SURVIVES 8-METRE FALL

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — David Yochai, 13, was rescued by the Fire Brigade today after he had fallen into an empty cess-pit eight metres deep.

David and some of his friends were playing this morning in the back yard of No. 6 Shadal Street, two houses away from his home when he slipped into the pit. His fall shifted an avalanche of earth which fell in after him, covering him completely.

David's cries brought neighbours to the scene and the police and Fire Brigade were called in.

When the lad was eventually extricated, he was taken to the Magen David Adom, who found that he had only sustained light injury. Sand at the bottom of the hole had cushioned his fall.

Police later erected a barrier around the pit pending its examination by the Municipality's Engineering Department.

Maternity Grant Raised to IL 80

The maternity grant paid to mothers by the National Insurance Institute has been increased from IL25 to IL30, following a decision of the Institute's Council last week. The total maternity grant thus becomes IL80, with IL50 going to the hospital.

Women who live 15 kms. or more from the nearest hospital will henceforth be charged only IL3 for transportation by Magen David Adom. The Institute will cover the balance.

Dr. G. Dotan, Director of the Institute, proposed to the Council that the workmen's compensation insurance rate for self-employed workers be fixed for the time being at the uniform rate of 1% of income.

Old Age Pensions

A total of 78.5% of old age pension recipients receive support from the social welfare authorities, the municipalities, or their children, a survey of the Institute's Old Age Department shows.

Of the 23,000 applications filed so far, 11,500 have been approved and 127 have been rejected. All applications filed by June 10 should be acted on by the end of July, according to Mr. A. Rimon, Director of the Department.

Wildcat Strike in Eilat Port Goes on After Demands Met

Jerusalem Post Reporter

EILAT, Saturday. — The wildcat strike which broke out in Eilat Port on Friday continued today into its second day, although the strikers' main demand had been met.

The strike, which is believed to be instigated on political grounds and directed against the Ministry of Development which controls the harbour, was called originally by the staff of the Port Authority as a protest against the delayed payment of May salaries, which had not arrived by June 12.

Though the money arrived on Friday by plane, the men refused to return to work, saying that overtime pay for the previous month had not yet been paid, and protesting against the delay in putting new grading into effect.

200 Men Idle

As a result of the strike, which directly affects only the staff of the Port Authority, some 200 stevedores, labourers, and transport workers are idle. A long line of lorries was drawn up outside the port, waiting to be unloaded and loaded.

Only two lorries left Eilat today, both empty.

One ship of 1,400 tons is still waiting to have part of the cargo it brought from East Africa off-loaded prior to taking on export cargoes, while the s.s. Halkis, which arrived late on Friday evening bringing a cargo of oil seeds and cattle products, is meanwhile anchored in the bay.

Agreement Hoped Today

It is hoped that a settlement may be reached by tomorrow morning.

Though the men's claims are supported by the Eilat Labour Council, local opinion is strongly opposed to the strike.

On Thursday, a strike by lorry drivers who alleged preferential treatment towards one transport company, blocked the entrance to the Port and held up work inside.

Sharks Caught Off Bat Yam

JAFFA, Saturday. — A new batch of sharks, caught by a local fisherman 5 kms. off Bat Yam, was brought into the harbour over the weekend.

The sharks weighed 100 kilograms each and were 160 centimetres long. Recently, there have been many instances of nets being torn by sharks along the Bat Yam coast. *(Itim)*

Protest on Negev Sabbath Work

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — Representatives of the Religious Parties at a meeting with Prime Minister Ben-Gurion yesterday pressed for the enactment of a Sabbath Law which would effectively prevent Sabbath work in development areas south of Beersheba.

It was decided to continue negotiations during the coming week. Also discussed were other clauses of the Coalition Agreement related to religious issues, such as education in new settlements.

Representing Hapoel Hamizrahi-Mizrahi were the Minister of Social Welfare, Mr. M. Shapiro; the Minister of Posts, Dr. Y. Burg; the Deputy Minister of Religious Affairs, Dr. Z. Warhaftig, and the Deputy Minister of Education, Mr. M. Unna.

Others present at the five-hour meeting were the Minister of Labour, Mr. M. Namir, and the Minister of Education, Mr. Z. Aranne.

Teachers in Uniform For New Villages

Beginning September 1958, practically all girl graduates of teachers training schools will be enlisted in the Army, undergo basic training, and then be sent to teach in immigrant settlements while in uniform. They will serve for two years and receive a monthly pay of IL100.

An agreement to this effect between the Ministry of Education and the Army authorities was announced on Friday by the Ministry spokesman.

The plan is expected to supply about 350 teachers a year. It will take in all girl graduates except a few who are assigned to teaching duties in Army units.

At present close to 200 women teachers are serving in the Army and are assigned to schools in immigrant settlements.

Soviet Proposals

(Continued from Page 1)

ing in Washington over the latest American proposals.

It had been expected that the Soviet delegate would have waited for Mr. Stassen to present his proposals formally next week before making any new advance on the Soviet side.

Conference sources from several Western delegations described the Soviet proposals as "a step forward" and "an important move."

The Soviet proposals were seen as far reaching in that the Russians for the first time have formally suggested that control posts, to supervise a nuclear tests ban, could be situated inside the Soviet Union.

In nuclear disarmament, the Russians had proposed a "solemn obligation" not to use nuclear weapons without, at that time, admitting the need for control measures.

Observers believed the Soviet proposal for control posts in the territory of nuclear powers was designed to get round the British Government argument that, under present technical conditions, the Soviet Union could carry out a nuclear test undetectable abroad.

To the West a ban on nuclear tests must be linked to a "cut off" date, after which nuclear powers will stop producing fissionable material for military purposes.

Kol Yisrael Chose to Cut Hours Rather Than Quality

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — Listeners to Kol Yisrael who felt that they were not getting their money's worth should direct their complaints to the guardian of the purse strings — the Finance Ministry — Mr. H. Givton, Assistant Director of Broadcasting, said in reply to complaints at a meeting with Kol Yisrael listeners at Beit Sokolow last night.

Cuts in the service's budget had brought up the question "whether to have long listening hours with low level content or more interesting material in shorter hours." Kol Yisrael had chosen the latter, he said.

Since the cutting down of foreign language broadcasts, letters of protest had been received from distant communities, he related, and quoted a letter received from a Persian village.

Any decision on commercial broadcasts would directly influence a decision on a television station, which would only be able to operate on a commercial basis. A report on television was soon to be presented to the Cabinet by a Government enquiry commission, he said.

Polish Broadcasts

Reviewing changes in Kol Yisrael's programme, he revealed that the Arabic programme would be expanded to six hours daily. A Polish language broadcast for local listeners would commence in July, and would be operated on Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays between 9.15 and 9.30 p.m., while in the winter it would be heard early in the day. The Kol Yisrael Orchestra had been increased by six permanent musicians selected from among new immigrants, and ten more would join during the coming year.

Kol Yisrael would also compete for the first time with 20 other countries for the Italian Radio Prize for the best radio programmes. It had entered two original programmes, Tal's "Shaul in Ein Dor" and Segal's "Cantate for the Sabbath."

Two More Alleged Draft Dodgers

Two more youths were remanded in custody by the Jerusalem Magistrates Court last week on charges of attempting to evade national service with false medical certificates.

One of the remand orders, that against Moshe Sharetsky, was cancelled after the police announced that they would agree to his release on bail. His examination had been short owing to the help the youth had given the police.

Baruch Shechter, 22, was remanded for four days on the police's warning that he was liable to interfere with the further investigation of the case. *(Itim)*

Metal Pipes Stolen From M'falsim

ASHKELON, Saturday. — Fifty-four metres of metal piping were stolen from Kibbutz Mefalsim, next to the Gaza Strip, last night. The police suspect that the theft was committed by Arab infiltrators from Gaza.

10-Year-Old Guilty Of 50 Thefts

A 10-year-old boy, the confessed perpetrator of 50 thefts in the course of the past two years, was on Friday committed for three years to a home of correction by Juvenile Court Judge D. Rifin.

The boy admitted to 14 offences in the past few months, in addition to the 36 he had been found guilty of in the 18 months since he first began appearing in Juvenile Court.

In each of the several instances in which he had been sentenced to an institution he managed to escape and continue his life of crime.

Bakers' Secretary Had Carte Blanche

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — Avraham Ben-Moshe, as Secretary of the Bakers' Association, had been given a free hand with the organization's receipts and correspondence, Mr. A. Goldhart, Association Chairman, told Magistrate M. Shamir yesterday.

He was giving evidence in the preliminary hearings of the case against Ben-Moshe, who is accused of forging documents to embezzle IL15,000 from the Kaiser-Frazer Company.

The witness had not known that the accused was collecting money from Association members for the purchase of Kaiser-Frazer vans. When he asked for an explanation, Ben-Moshe showed him an alleged receipt from Mr. Y. Abramovitz, the Kaiser-Frazer local manager.

However, when he later made inquiries, Mr. Abramovitz had denied any knowledge of the matter.

The witness said that he had not paid much attention to the Association's bookkeeping, nor did he know whether the accused had used its money for his private purposes or loaned it, he said in reply to a question of defence attorney M. Kritzman. "We trusted him, and he did as he wished," adding that Ben-Moshe had lent his own money to pay debts of the Association.

Mr. Y. Kluger, Association Treasurer, declared that he did not know how much of the Association's money was missing, nor had a report on the matter been made. Those bakers who had given the accused money for vans had had 25 per cent of the amount refunded by the Merchants Association. Some members even now refused to accept the refund, claiming that the Association should still try to get them the vans.

The Government had allocated 125 vehicles to trade associations, Mr. I. Akshtein, of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry, testified. Further applications had been made by interested parties, including Ben-Moshe, but in the present fiscal year, their approval was impossible, he said.

The Magistrate will give judgment on June 30.

Accused in Kastner Case Up on July 2

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — The case of the three men accused of murdering Dr. I. Kastner will be brought before the District Court on July 2.

Yosef Menkes, Ze'ev Ekstein, and Dan Shemer are accused of assassinating the late Hungarian Jewish leader outside his home on midnight on March 4. Menkes is also accused of organizing a terrorist organization of which the two other accused were members.

The Bench will consist of Relieving President M. Kenet and Judges J. Gavison and I. Zundelewicz. Mrs. M. Ben Porat, Deputy State Attorney, will appear for the prosecution, while Messrs. M. Kritzman, A. Tal and Y. Honigman are the attorneys for the defence.

Toulouse Beats Haifa Hapoel 5:2

By SHLOMO MOSER

HAIFA, Saturday. — The visiting Toulouse soccer eleven won their first game in Israel against a reinforced Haifa Hapoel side, 5:2 at the City Stadium this afternoon. Half-time score was 2:0.

The local side included five Ramat Gan Hapoel men.

The 6,000 spectators who expected to see some fine football from the visitors, holders of the French Soccer Cup, were disappointed. In the first half the game was lukewarm with no excitement, although the second half was somewhat livelier.

The visitors' game is based on a three-man defence, with one half-back helping the full-backs, and low, accurate passing. Outstanding were back Bruyer, outside right Brahimi, a 23-year-old Algerian, and inside-left Dombrin. The team's average age is 26.

The visitors fielded a number of reserves and were not overly impressive, probably because they were tired from their recent games in Turkey and air travel.

The home team put up a poor show. Despite frequent replacements and changes no homogenous team emerged, and the reinforcements were of little avail.

Both Hapoel goals were scored by Kirshberg from penalties — awarded for a foul and hands respectively.

The kick-off was made by Mr. Y. Almogi, M.K. Secretary of the Labour Council.

Soccer Cup Semi-Finalists

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — Tel Aviv Maccabi, Tel Aviv Hapoel, Jaffa Maccabi, and Petah Tikva Hapoel reached the semi-finals in the Football Cup after winning the quarter-finals today.

Tel Aviv Maccabi beat Rehovot Maccabi 2:0 after 1:0 in the first half. In a poor game, Glazer and Rabinowitz scored the two goals for the Tel Aviv team in the 33rd and 85th minutes of play respectively.

Petah Tikva Hapoel beat Haifa Maccabi 2:1 after 2:1 in the first half. This was a typical Cup game with Petah Tikva playing better in the first half and Haifa picking up in the second half.

Kaufman of Petah Tikva Hapoel scored the first goal from 16 metres in the 22nd minute of the match. Four minutes later, Na'ari scored the second goal for Petah Tikva. The Haifa team scored their only goal in the third minute of play from a kick by their centre-forward, Levi.

Jaffa Maccabi beat Balfouria Hapoel 4:1 after 1:1 at half-time. For 70 minutes the game was even, and only after that did Jaffa Maccabi gain an advantage. The first goal was scored by Langbart, Balfouria inside-right. The 84th minute a penalty kick from Yitzhak Shrall brought the score to a tie. Jaffa's other three goals were scored by Turi Kar (in the 64th minute), Bochus (in the 74th minute), and Yitzhak (in the 85th minute).

Tel Aviv Hapoel beat Kfar Saba Hapoel 4:0 after there had been no score in the first half of the game. As there was no score after 90 minutes the referee gave the teams another 30 minutes, and in this time the Kfar Saba team was decisively beaten. Two goals were scored by Michaelov, while Glaser and Tisch each scored a goal.

Basketball 1st Division

Mishmar Haemek Hapoel vs. Brit Maccabi Afid, 61:46. Mishmar Haemek Hapoel vs. Jerusalem Maccabi, 69:63.

TRADE. — The Soviet and Japanese central co-operatives have signed a trade agreement in Moscow providing for the exchange of a variety of goods, the TASS news agency reported.

Pill Inhibits Spread Of Breast Cancer

MIAMI, Saturday (UP). — The University of Miami Medical School Research Department announced yesterday that it has had good results with a pill that checks the growth of breast cancer.

But the University doctors said the pill, which is not available to the public, was designed for use only after surgery had failed to stop the spread of breast cancer.

They also said the pill was not a cure. Highly favourable preliminary results did not mean that it would be 100 per cent effective in all cases, they pointed out.

Doctors said that of 20 women patients given the pill in a Miami hospital, seven showed marked improvement. "Let me make it clear that this does not wipe out cancer," one of the doctors responsible for the find said. "Rather, it checks cancer growth and prolongs the life of the patient."

SABBATH BATHERS' TRUCKS IMPOUNDED

Four trucks bound for the seashore with a load of prospective bathers were stopped yesterday by Jerusalem traffic police for not having a licence to carry passengers.

The passengers were taken off and the trucks impounded.

THE ISRAEL PHILHARMONIC ORCHESTRA

The public is kindly requested to note the CONCERT SCHEDULE for the week June 12-22

Subscription Concert No. 10

Conductor: WALTER SUSSKIND
Soloist: MICHAEL RABIN *Violin*

TEL AVIV
Z.O.A. Garden, at 8.30 p.m. Monday, June 17 — Series "1"
Tuesday, June 18 — "Workers"

Notice: Subscribers are kindly requested to effect the change of their tickets for the Z.O.A. Garden, daily at the Orchestra's Office, 11-2, 4-6.

A limited number of tickets are available to the general public, daily at the Orchestra's Office, 26 Allenby Rd., 11-2, 4-6; Friday: 11-1.

HAIFA
"Armon" Theatre, at 9 p.m. Wednesday, June 19 — Series "1"
Thursday, June 20 — Series "2"

Subscription Concert No. 5

PETAH TIKVA
Monday, June 24, "ORON" Amphitheatre, at 8.45 p.m.
Conductor: WALTER SUSSKIND
Soloist: MICHAEL RABIN *Violin*

Programme: "Rosamunde" Overture — Schubert; Concerto for Violin and Orchestra — Brahms; Symphony No. 5 "From the New World" — Dvorak.

Tickets obtainable at Petah Tikva Municipality, Room 208, at Hamasskil Bookstore, Rehov Hovevei Zion, Petah Tikva and at Rechnitz' Store, 97 Rehov Bialik, Ramat Gan.

Youth Concert No. 5

Conductor: WALTER SUSSKIND
Soloist: MICHAEL RABIN *(Violin)*

TEL AVIV
TUESDAY, June 25 — Ohel Shem Hall at 5 p.m. sharp.

Tickets obtainable at the Youth Dept., Tel Aviv Municipality, 99 King David Ave., and at the Orchestra's Office, 11-2, 4-6.

In deep sorrow we announce the death of our beloved mother and mother-in-law

Rosalie Bejarano

at the age of 62.

Suzy and Jean David

THE MANAGEMENT AND STAFF OF
Shell Chemicals Distributing Co. (ME) Ltd.
convey their deepest sympathy to their colleague
MR. DAVID FISCHER
on the passing away of his father.

In deep sorrow we announce the death on June 7, 1957, of our beloved husband, father and grandfather

JOSEPH STANLEY DAVIS

Kfar Shmaryahu
at the age of 67.

Blanka Davis and Children
Hemda Kolton, nee Davis, Daughter, Tivon

the Jewish Post
and OPINION

From the contents:
FUTURE OF JUDAISM IN U.S., NOT ISRAEL?
Novel About Jewish Storekeeper Wins Reviewer's Highest Praise
How to Make Jews Proud.

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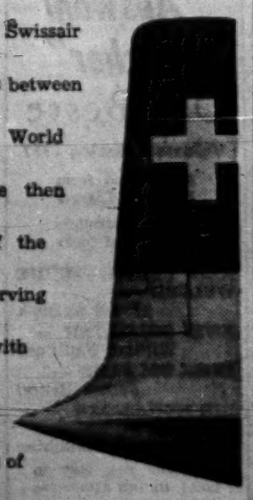

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By the Bus Service
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By Unpaid Promissory Notes

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Sunday, June 16, 1957
17 Sivan, 5717. — 17 ZI'KI'da, 1376

THE new Soviet proposal for international observation posts within the territory of the atom-bomb powers marks a significant departure from the iron curtain principles of the Soviet Union, even though in itself the establishment of such posts would not appreciably reduce the danger of nuclear-weapon war. The powers have tested their bombs, and there can unfortunately be no doubt that they work well enough to cause irreparable destruction over large areas. And while the exploding of a test bomb could undoubtedly be observed (and what would the other powers do then, explode one of their own in retaliation?) no means has yet been devised to observe and therefore control the manufacture of fissionable material for military use. Indeed, at present it seems unlikely that any such control can ever be rigidly enforced, more particularly as the use of nuclear power for civilian uses becomes more common. Insofar as the explosion of the test bombs is believed to have raised the amount of radioactive material in some areas of the world to a possibly dangerous level, and we still have little precise knowledge of the extent to which this danger is spread by the normal movements of air and water, the stoppage of tests would in itself be of incalculable benefit, and perhaps also contribute to a gradual restoration of confidence the world over.

SUBMARINE THREAT

There is some prospect of progress in this direction, for there is a genuine willingness, even anxiety, on the part of the major powers to banish the spectre of atomic war which at one time appeared to loom so close. It is some years now since the Geneva Conference, and the far-reaching understanding that was reached there that the powers could no longer afford to find themselves involved in a major war. The progress of the Korean war showed the determination of the powers not to become embroiled in another world conflict. The trouble is, as far as the small nations are concerned, that once the danger of a world war is effectively banished there will once more be greater danger of localized warfare brought about largely by the jockeying for position of the powers.

It is precisely in this light that the ominous journey should be viewed of the three submarines apparently on their way from a Soviet port in the Baltic to Egypt. Last November Russia repeatedly threatened massive intervention in the Sinai crisis, and the western powers recoiled before what seemed to be the danger of immediate world war. Nobody now threatens Egyptian shipping, and that country has no need for submarines for defensive purposes; any that it receives are for aggression or threats of aggression. It is unfortunately most likely that the small vessel, if not the two large ones, will be sent through the Suez Canal into the Gulf of Akaba, with the intention of discouraging the foreign shipping now using the port of Eilat, if not actually attacking it. Totally illusory dangers have been created out of nothing in that area recently, with the Saudi invention of Israel attacks on their shore of the Gulf, and the ban on the use of the port of Akaba by pilgrims on their way to Mecca because of the alleged insecurity. Recently, both the port and the Gulf of Eilat have been safe and open to shipping of all nations. No Egyptian submarine will be able or permitted to change this state of affairs.

"Asian" Flu Noted in America, Europe

GENEVA, Saturday (UP). — The new "Asiatic Influenza" virus has now moved into Europe, Australia and probably also North America, but has not caused any outbreaks there, the World Health Organization reported yesterday.

The six-week old epidemic has now affected nearly every part of Asia except Korea, East Pakistan and Ceylon.

U.S. TROOPS STILL WATCH KOREAN FRONT

By JOHN F. REDDIN

O.P. MAZIE Korea (NANA). FROM Observation Post "Mazie" you can look far over the crazy patchwork of Korean hills, carpeted this warm springtime with azaleas, the pink blankets broken here and there by white cherry blossoms.

You can look down Glory Road, across the site of Freedom Village, into Panmunjom.

Here is some of the most bitterly fought over ground of the Korean war. Here is the one place in the world where American troops, living in battle positions, stand face to face with a heavily armed enemy. Here you can study a battlefield on which the troops still stand in battle array.

O.P. Mazie is a high hill just south of the military demarcation line. It lies almost in the centre of the famous Kaesong corridor, down which troops have poured for centuries — troops of Genghis Khan, and troops of Communist China.

This sector of the front is manned by the 3rd Battalion of the 19th infantry regiment of the famous 24th Division, most noted of the Korean war. The 3rd Battalion is commanded by Lieut.-Col. John Moore. It faces three full North Korean battalions across no man's land.

"It doesn't worry us much," says Col. Moore. "Three to one isn't bad odds when you consider that they'd have to come at us and our men, our weapons and our positions are ready for them any time they try."

The actual truce line stretches down the centre of an area measuring 2,000 metres to the North and South. A fence marks the line, and signs in Korean and English on the south and Chinese and Korean on the north warn against crossing it. A road runs along the fence and on it American and Communist patrols frequently meet.

"The Communists often try to be friendly," Col. Moore says. "But our men are under strict instructions not to speak to them or have any contact with them except to observe them and their equipment."

The entire demilitarized area is constantly patrolled by both sides, 24 hours a day. Patrols are limited in size. For instance, in the 3rd Battalion's sector not more than 25 men at a time may be in the demilitarized zone. They carry communications equipment but are allowed only standard arms and no automatic weapons.

The Communists are sticklers. Time and again they will call a meeting of the United Nations truce team to complain about a violation of the truce. — usually involving a claim that a patrol member was seen in the demilitarized area without a proper arm band.

Postcards from Italy

They pinched the original!

We're in the same boat! We start building and have no money to finish!

By arrangement with "Ma'ariv"

The King is Naked!

Moses: Tell me, what was it like in Sinai?

Powers Ignore Israel's Interests

ACCORDING to **Al Hamishmar** (Mapam), the Soviet four-power Middle East agreement proposal had ignored the root of regional dissensions, the Israel-Arab dispute. While the West rightfully stressed this flaw in the Soviet offer, we should not delude ourselves into believing that it itself cares about it much more,

Friday's Press

for the new Arab bloc that it is busy creating will be no less anti-Israel than it is anti-communist.

Davar (Histadrut) writes that from the Israel point of view the West's rejoinder has put the USSR in its place for broaching the need to "restrain Israel aggression." From a global strategic point of view, the West was right in referring Moscow to the U.N., an approach stressed by the fact that London and Washington are busy co-ordinating their Middle East policy. Their omission of France from the picture, however, is quite unsatisfactory, for so long as they fail to prevail upon the Arabs to abandon their anti-French position or dampen their hopes that Israel will make concessions things will only get worse.

Kol Ha'am (Communist) points out that the West's referring Moscow to the U.N. is only a blind for their objection to ending the Middle East impasse through negotiation. The fact is that the U.N. is unable to operate unless there is an advance agreement between the powers. The paper rejects the West's charge that Russia has done nothing to solve the problem and catalogues the various proposals that have emanated from Moscow.

Hatzofe (World Mizrahi) writes that the National Religious party, conscious all along that the Prime Minister's various undertakings in the religious sphere have gone unfulfilled, did not press its case so long as the Government was preoccupied with problems of security. The time has now come for the Government to implement its promises by enacting a country-wide Sabbath law and settling the matter of religious education without delay.

Hamodia (World Aguda) takes umbrage at the Labour Minister's summary dismissal of the proposal of a five-and-a-half workday week that will permit excursions and recreation normally reserved for the Sabbath. If the country's economy could not countenance the loss of time and if a cut in hours would be undesirable from a social point of view, how come the Minister has agreed with such alacrity to the trade union proposal to introduce a summer schedule which reduces the work week by five hours?

Ha'aretz (non-party) calls for a compromise in the Ata dispute maintaining that Mr. Moller should insist on his right to dismiss workers on grounds of inefficiency while he might give in on the point of increased pay, although the next step must be to square pay with productivity. There is no room for compromise in the paper's view, however, on the question of strike pay, for that would permit the workers to take advantage of their "victim."

Herut is set against resuming normal ties with Germany because it holds that the crimes of the Nazi period against the Jewish people were the crime of the entire German nation, which we are not ready to forgive.

MUSICAL DIARY

The Kol Yisrael Orchestra, Heinz Freudenthal, conductor; Luis Batlle Ibanez, piano. (Y.M.C.A., June 11).

A performance of Weber's "Euryanthe" in which only the trumpet obtruded in the otherwise well-shaded orchestra, made a lively opening and showed that the orchestra was in good form.

Mr. Batlle gave a highly satisfying interpretation of Beethoven's Fourth Piano Concerto in G-major. His smooth technique, and above all his delicate touch, served him well in conveying the mainly lyrical contents of this great concerto in a convincing manner. Supported by perfect cooperation from the conductor and the orchestra, he held the appreciative attention of a large audience throughout and the prolonged applause was well deserved.

The second part of the programme (for which I could not stay) brought a repeat performance of Marc Lavry's Second Symphony ("Independence") with the participation of the Kol Zion Lagola Choir and Zippora Kuppermann, contralto, as soloist.

Fourth Youth Concert, Kol Yisrael Orchestra, Heinz Freudenthal, conductor. (Y.M.C.A., June 12). L. Mozart: "Toy Symphony"; H. Jacoby: "David's Lyre"; Saint-Saens: "Carneval des Animaux."

THIS programme—the last of the season — was presented with precision and loving care by Mr. Freudenthal and the orchestra, but most of it was unfortunately lost on the unruly audience.

I have the impression that actually none of the institutions that organize these concerts bother much about these events, so important to hundreds of children. The pupils should be selected for their ability to take in a music programme with understanding and enjoyment. The teachers should be made responsible for the appropriate preparation of their classes and for strict discipline at concert time. The programme should always be selected with the utmost care, and the best possible standard of performance is essential to imbue the children with a sense of quality. The comments on the works should be well prepared beforehand and not rendered more or less haphazardly.

It might be called for to entrust some young music teacher with this series, so that in the next season they will no longer be bored routine but serve their all-important purpose — to teach the youngsters to enjoy and appreciate music.

Y. BOEHM

Israel Philharmonic Orchestra. Ninth Special Subscription Concert. Conductor: Walter Susskind; soloist: Jeanie Tourel, mezzo-soprano. (Ohel Shem, June 10). Schubert: Symphony No. 5; Mahler: "Songs of a Wayfarer"; Bergel: Divertimento; Liszt: "Preludes."

BESIDES being extremely talented, Brand Bergel, an Israeli, is equipped with an accomplished compositional technique. His Divertimento for small orchestra in four movements, of which the third is outstanding in its invention and its contrapuntal devices, does not aim at anything beside what its title suggests, and one can look forward with eager expectation to further works by this interesting composer.

Mme. Tourel's interpretation of the Four Songs by Mahler was a rewarding feat of pure artistry and poetic delight. The third song, "There is a glowing dagger which stabs my breast," made a tremendous impression with its tense and dramatic projection.

The conductor was in a particularly fortunate vein. All his honest and clear intentions were strictly followed by an orchestra that played excellently. His Schubert was clear and limpid, although the dramatic impact was never forgotten. The Israel work was done with much understanding and with all the wit inherent in its pages. As to the bombastic Liszt, even the best rendition possible could not have altered its contents.

AVIDOM

The Haifa Orchestra Association. Henryk Kowalski, violin; Gerti Reiner, piano. (June 11).

THE Haifa Orchestra Association invited friends and guests to a concert given at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Sh. Ambash, where the violinist, Henryk Kowalski, gave his first performance in this country.

Mr. Kowalski has appeared before as soloist with the orchestras of Vienna, Warsaw and Moscow. As Mr. M. Gorali, who introduced him, pointed out, he was recently sent to Moscow by the Polish Government in exchange for the famous Russian violinist, David Oistrach, who had come to Warsaw to represent Russian music.

With his programme, Mr. Kowalski gave his audience some sound proofs of his artistry. He is a virtuoso with perfect mastery of technique. He seemed to enjoy the freakish difficulties of Wieniawski's Second Violin Concerto in D-minor most and he painted the contrasting moods in vivid colours. In Corellis "La Folia" and in Mozart's Rondo, both played in Kreisler's arrangements, however, he did not free enough of the spirit that lies imprisoned underneath the formal surface.

Mr. Kowalski was accompanied by Mrs. Gerti Reiner, and the two were a pleasant and well-balanced team.

G.W.-B.

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Parliamentary Report — *By Lea Ben-Dor*

M.K.'s Go to Visit the Villages

TO the casual observer, the Knesset only talks. But behind the talk a good deal of work and study goes on: Last week, the Education Committee picked itself up and went to Galilee to see how schools in immigrant centres and Arab villages were developing, and will proceed to debate the shortcomings they found this week. On the whole there has been less political division within the Education Committee than elsewhere, because the unfilled needs are so great and so obvious that all differences of opinion pale before them. There always remains, of course, the tug-of-war between those who want religious and those who want "general" schools, with the supporters of the State Religious schools claiming that there is discrimination against them.

It was precisely in this field that the Committee made some interesting discoveries on this occasion. Take the State school at Prazon, for instance, which serves the oldest group of three villages in the Ta'anach area, in the plain near Afula, where two other groups of three villages have also been built, and a fourth is still to come. The people in the three villages come from Persia, Turkey, Kurdistan and Iraq, are little interested in religion, and make little use of the premises that serve them as a synagogue. Hardly any of the women who arrived there four and five years ago can read in any language, and their husbands are not much better off in that respect. The headmaster of the school is not religious, and although he heads an officially non-religious school the curriculum has been adjusted to include as much as 16 hours of instruction in Jewish religion.

No Help at Home

There is also a music teacher, an instructor for pre-vocational agricultural work, and a kindergarten teacher from a neighbouring kibbutz, who contrives to educate her tots to an interest in the land and flowers and plants around them. The education inspector who was on hand to receive the Committee reported that in arithmetic and such subjects as geography the children were pretty well up to the average standard, but that their knowledge of the language and powers of expression were limited because they learnt so little at home. Nevertheless their favourite subject is Bible, with its dramatic stories. The answer is, of course, that the children should come back to school or to club premises after their mid-day break, and do their lessons and reading under the supervision of a teacher who can give them the help that their parents are unable to offer. As it is the teachers, who all live in one of the three villages, are called upon for extra-curricular duties. The headmaster says that the parents do not often consult him concerning the progress made by their children, which they cannot judge, but that he has often been called in when a cow was calving, or a man was beating his wife.

Nor did the Committee find discrimination of the kind referred to at Gadish, where there are two large schools built almost side by side. The religious school, attended by children of tribes from the Atlas Mountains, is housed in a large and handsome new building, but owing to the poverty of the children's parents and the poor standard of the teachers the result proved depressing in the extreme. The children are dirty and ragged, little attention seems to be paid to hygiene and cleanliness, and the scholastic level is discouragingly low. The State school next door is accommodated in ancient huts, and is attended by children from Tunisia. One of the Committee members reports "You should see them. The teachers are good and the place is as clean and bright as a button. It looks like a school in Ramat Gan."

And again, at Keren Ben Zimra, north of Safad, in one of the highest and bleakest situations in Israel, there is a school for children from every country of the Diaspora, from Hungary to Cochin. It is directed with enthusiasm and inspiration by an elderly rabbi from Tunisia, who at one time served as an Army Chaplain, and learnt to shave part of his beard away, leaving only the fringe round the face that is sported by many young soldiers. Apart from managing the school, which remains in session until three o'clock every afternoon, with a farming section that works till four, he looks after his own family of seven children, and acts as rabbi, *mohel*, ritual slaughterer and arranger of marriages in the village. His first complaint to the Committee was that the 223 children under his care have a total of only 150 books to read after school, mostly sent by Mrs. Ben-Zvi's fund. For lack of other entertainment the children thoroughly enjoyed the Committee's visit, and promptly decided that Mrs. Shoshana Persitz, the stately Committee chairman, must be at least the Prime Minister's wife.

Limited Facilities

Altogether, 34,000 children attend 252 Hebrew schools in Galilee, under the supervision of six inspectors who have a total of four vehicles at their disposal. Once a week the teachers also attend courses of instruction at one of five local centres. The proportion of qualified teachers is rising only slowly, and in this area there are still about 40 per cent who are considered untrained. And it is the teachers that make the schools, not the good intentions of the Education Department.

In some ways the most remarkable school the Committee visited was at Tira, near Tayibah in the Little Triangle. This large Arab village has a school with 22 teachers, including three Jews, teaching 890 children in 22 classes. (At Faradis village in the same district, there are three Jewish women teachers who qualified in Iraq and Syria, but do not know Hebrew sufficiently well yet to teach in that language.) Only about a third of the pupils are girls, for the families tend to keep them at home after they are 11 or 12, partly to make themselves useful, and partly to keep them out of the way of the boys. For several years, the school has tried to extract IL2,000 from the Local Council to improve its water supply — Tira is a well-to-do place — but has not succeeded. There is a good deal of emphasis on farming at the school, the rudiments of which are taught by a young Arab instructor who studied at the Kadoorie School at the foot of Mount Tabor, and is as fluent in Hebrew as in Arabic. And yet he pointed with pride at the fields roundabout, where cucumber picking was in full swing, with not a child to be seen. "Ten years ago no boy went to school when his father was picking the cucumbers, and we only had four classes at the school then. Now school comes first."

Wrong Holidays

Nevertheless members of the Committee concluded that in the farming areas school holidays should be adjusted to nature's calendar. All over the world farmers' children learn their trade by helping their parents and everybody would be better pleased if the holidays came in late spring, when one harvest follows another, and not in full summer, when the fields are parched and there is little left to do. Except the teachers, a Committee member observed. "In the old days the holidays were planned for the children. Now they are the prerogative of the teachers."

Question Time

Mr. Y. Alon: Why has compensation not yet been paid to Jewish owners of houses destroyed by the war in Tiberias in 1948?

Mr. L. Eshkol, Minister of Finance: The matter seems to be still under consideration. I admit that this reply does not satisfy myself any more than it will satisfy you, and have asked for an urgent investigation.

Mr. S. Yunitchman: (Question recorded on April 2, 1957) Is it correct that Israel has decided to withdraw her participation in the Brussels World Fair?

Mr. L. Eshkol: No, we shall take part as planned.

Mr. S. Yunitchman: You see what a good thing it is to postpone an answer. (In April it was announced that Israel would not take part, owing to the cost involved, but the decision was rescinded later.)

Readers' Letters

TELEVISION

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — The argument that proponents of TV regard it "first and foremost as a powerful means of mass education" has a certain charm, but not much validity. Surely the question is whether TV is the most powerful educational instrument that can be created for the same money.

As far as children and young people are concerned, wouldn't more schools and teachers and cheaper tuition be better? If the aim is to bring adult education to the new immigrant villages, TV is not the best and certainly not the cheapest way.

The entire impact of TV rests on the fact that it enters the home. The new immigrants cannot afford to buy the sets, the Government cannot afford to give them sets. The idea that an educational purpose will be served by putting one set in each village is ingenuous. Once the novelty wears off, the busy, harried and tired new immigrant isn't likely to rush over to the community centre to watch a film that may or may not interest him. And if we want to bring him a film to see, we can do it just as well — and much more cheaply — by bringing him the film and a 16mm. projector. If, as is said, TV is to teach hygiene to the new immigrants, wouldn't the money be better spent providing more toilets, running water, showers, medical facilities?

Yours, etc,
MICHAEL ELKINS
Jerusalem, June 3.

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